

YOU should read this... Lisez ceci SVP.

Logos is now back at your friendly neighborhood newsstand, after a two-month moratorium. During this time, an important change has taken place.

change has taken place.

Logos has been a prisoner, continuing an illusion of bilingualism up till now. Starting with the next issue, Logos splits into two autonomous entities -- one French, the other linglish. Our attempts at bilingualism have failed and we recognize the necessity for change.

The embodiment of a culture is, fundamentally, the language native to its people. As the "Feds" in the Royal Commission on Biculturalism and Bilingualism so perceptively state, there are two distinct cultures in Canada, a Québec and an Ameri-

Having decided that in order to communicate with the people of each culture one has to speak in their respective languages, why not do this in one forum instead of two?

Impossible, when bilingualism is symbolic of paternalism and years of exploitation of the Québécois, when English-speaking people edit, publish, and, there by, control the orientation of the paper. As it is our function to communicate to people on a mass scale, we cannot tolerate a forum that exhibits tokenism, which pretends to be capable of interpreting a culture foreign to ours. To do so surely demotes rather than promotes communication:

The Québécois will not stand for another 100 years of injustice and, likewise, we will not foster another five months of

injustice.
In referring to 100 years of injustice in Québec, we are not forcing any analogy, yet through our experience we know that liberation, a liberation for both the English and French, must not mean isolation but mutual cooperation and freedom. Just as we have liberated ourselves from the straight-jacket of biculturalism and bilingualism, so too must Québec liberate itself from

the wasteland culture: the plastic culture of the USA.

Despite the reams of well-washed cliches about out-moded confederation and the need to preserve an indigenous culture, think for one hopefully-enlightening minute: what is this entity from which we are so unjustifiably separating? What is Canada? Canada is merely the stainless steel garbage disposal unit of Mashington's Gross National Product, fully guaranteed to digest anything the owner-the USA--wishes to cram down our reliable, unprotesting throat.

reliable, unprotesting throat.

MacLean's stated in 1964: "By
1980 Americans will almost certainly own between 80% and 90%
of all Canadian business assets"
A recent study showed that in
1961, 58% of our economy was foreign controlled; and of this
58%, US residents owned 76%.
Taking just the single largest
company in each industry, out of
20 companies indicated, 70% are
foreign controlled, and 65% are
US controlled.

US controlled.

In Quebec, the English-speaking Canadians have helped themselves to the American leftovers. According to Prof. L. Dion (Globe and Mail, Jan. 14, 1962), while French-Canadians make up over 80% of the population in Quebec, they control less than 20% of its industry.

According to Walter Gordon.

According to Walter Gordon, "...no nation, including Canada, can pretend to be independent politically if it surrenders too much economic power to the residents of other countries."

This parallels a statement by Fidel: "...there is no political independence unless there is economic independence, that political independence without economic independence is a lie."

Gordon's and Castro's words have proved true numerous times in recent bistory.

have proved true numerous times in recent history, and, for Canadians, most drastically so on August 8, 1967, when a simple letter passed between Foreign Minister Martin and the US State Department. This agreement provides that in case of an armed attack on either of the two countries, the border between

them will automatically cease to exist, and the manpower, material resources, supplies, systems and services of both countries will be automatically placed under a joint emergency board. Given these insidious consid-

Given these insidious considerations -- it is not a question of Québec separating (see letter below) but of the Québec people liberating themselves from the garbage dump of impersonal bureaucratic machinery, years of exploitation, and the cultural perversions of <u>Time</u> and Ford "of Canada".

Canada".

Logos is committed to creating a liberated society in Québec: a society in which human relationships are not measured on a balance scale, where the "standard of living" is not measured in terms of a new American auto, a society where people will discover new communal values and will realize them by conscientiously working together. Despite the distortion and suppression by the majority of the press, the Québec independence movement has been steadily

Despite the distortion and suppression by the majority of the press, the Québec independence movement has been steadily growing for over 100 years—but national independence is an area in which it is difficult for the English-speaking to become involved. The movement for a Socialist society is a more recent development, even more distorted by the press, and it is here that we, the young English-speaking people of Québec, must become involved.

EN FRANÇAIS

On se pense révolutionnaire, on fait parti de la nouvelle gauche, on croit avoir des idées nouvelles, on participe à une action précise, on exécute sa tâche de partisan, on se bat faisant les gestes qu'il faut pour faire avancer la cause, on milite dans les organisations, reconnaissant peut-être que ce ne sera pas celle qui fera la révolution, la vraie, celle qui libèrera les travailleurs, le peuple, mais lui accordant une valeur d'information, de travail de base, de prises de contacts avec la réalité, de liens avec les différents éléments de la

société, jusqu'au jour où...on découvre que l'organisation avec laquelle on travaille, pour laquelle on dépense ses énergies, propage les idéaux que l'on fuit, a les mains liées avec le systême que justement on s'est engagé à combattre.

Il y a quelques nois, les aditeurs de Logos pensaient que la libération du peuple quabécois ne pouvait se faire sans une participation des daux principales cultures. Ils croysient au bilinguisme, au biculturalisme, à la communication de deux groupes ethniques obligés de cohabiter. La formule bilingue pour laquelle ils ont opté lors de la première édition du journal prenait alors tout son sens. Mais le compromis qu'ils acceptaient de faire devait mener, selon eux, "à une
réflexion renouvelée", devait être sujet "à une revision constante dirigée".

Après cinq mois de travail et

Après cinq mois de travail et de réflexion, ils ont découvert que le biculturalisme et le bilinguisme, tel qu'exprimé par les idées que les politiciens ont mis à la mode, perpétuaient un système. Loin de solutionner le problème, ce compromis des autres déplaçait le question de la libération, jouait sur une fausse notion de nationalisme, attirait l'attention ailleurs.

Après cinq mois de travail et de réflexion, les éditeurs de Logos ont pris conscience que la libération des canadiens-français se fera avec ou sans la participation du groupe minoritaire anglais. L'homme québécois, qu'il soit de culture américaine ou de culture française, est colonisé et participe à un système qui l'exploite. La libération de chacun des groupes ne pourra se faire qu'en mettant sur pied des organisations parallèles. Pour l'instant, la rencontre des deux groupes ethniques est impossible.

Aussi les éditeurs de Logos

nussi les eciteurs de Logos ont décidé de mettre en vente deux éditions différentes préparés par deux équipes autonomes, l'une française, l'autre anglaise. La nouvelle fornule commencers au prochain numéro.

letter to an english quebecois

seminar on "Separatism" at the Free Univ. of Nontreal. want me to tell you if and why Québec will be inde-pendent. Well, know that it will be, and know it well eto satisfy yourself with only that assurance, with only that assurance, or the moment, or the nough even if, for the moment, neither Claude Ryan nor the French grocer on the corner confirm it: the former beis anxious to keep cause he his eyes closed -- to open them would upset him -- and the latbecause he has not vet opened his -- and I accept my part of the responsibility for not having known, to this day, how to show him the degree of colonisation of which he is the victim. In every the work of informing and educating will soon be done, at all levels, and in a number of parties and political and para-political organizations, that vince the majority is only a question of time: a couple of years, more or less. For the moment, it is sufficient that the activists are convinced and that all those who are convinced become activists. The process is in progress and can no longer be stopped. wish that I reiter-

ate with you the long unrav-

eling of my broththat we have trod, ers and I, up to the point where we are on the eve of taking into our own hands our own destiny. I answer your shit! You understand the Vietnamese, you understand the Cubans, the Bolivians, you even understand black Americans, therefore, you cannot be such a shithead and if you refuse to understand us. it's because of your own re-fusal. Read Mason Wade: he in English, for you; writes American, whom neither you nor I can accuse of having chosen sides at the be-ginning. On the strictly historical plane, that should

As for the rest, look here, prick! Stop shutting yourself in your ivory tower -McGill University - and the hippy section (Hutchinson, pine, St-Denis, and Sherbrooke) and mix with us. Prequent our places, listen to us, from time to time, without putting up your armour or seeking refuge behind your prejudices each time a Quebecois speaks of himself, of his future being created in his country and the future that he wants to make for himself. Try to be helped in French in the department

gularly, when you take a taxi. Ask yourself if you could simply envision doing the work you do or that you propose to do, if you spoke no English. Understand that 15% of the English-speaking Quebecers receive 45% of the university grants given by our Quebec government, because they are the donors of funds to the large capitalist parties. Learn that the median per capita income in Montréal, if it is the same as elsewhere in Canada, is about \$2800; if one leaves the English-speaking out of the account, it is only \$1500.

Perhaps it is also neces-

sary to admit that our past is not exempt from errors, which are imputable only to ourselves. We confess to Duplessis and our stupid submission to a clergy from a past century; but we must add that that is all in the past and now, if we want to take our own affairs into our own hands, it is because we feel strong enough to accept carrying, alone, the weight of our errors, and in the future, to have only ourselves to blame.

Up to now, you, too, have

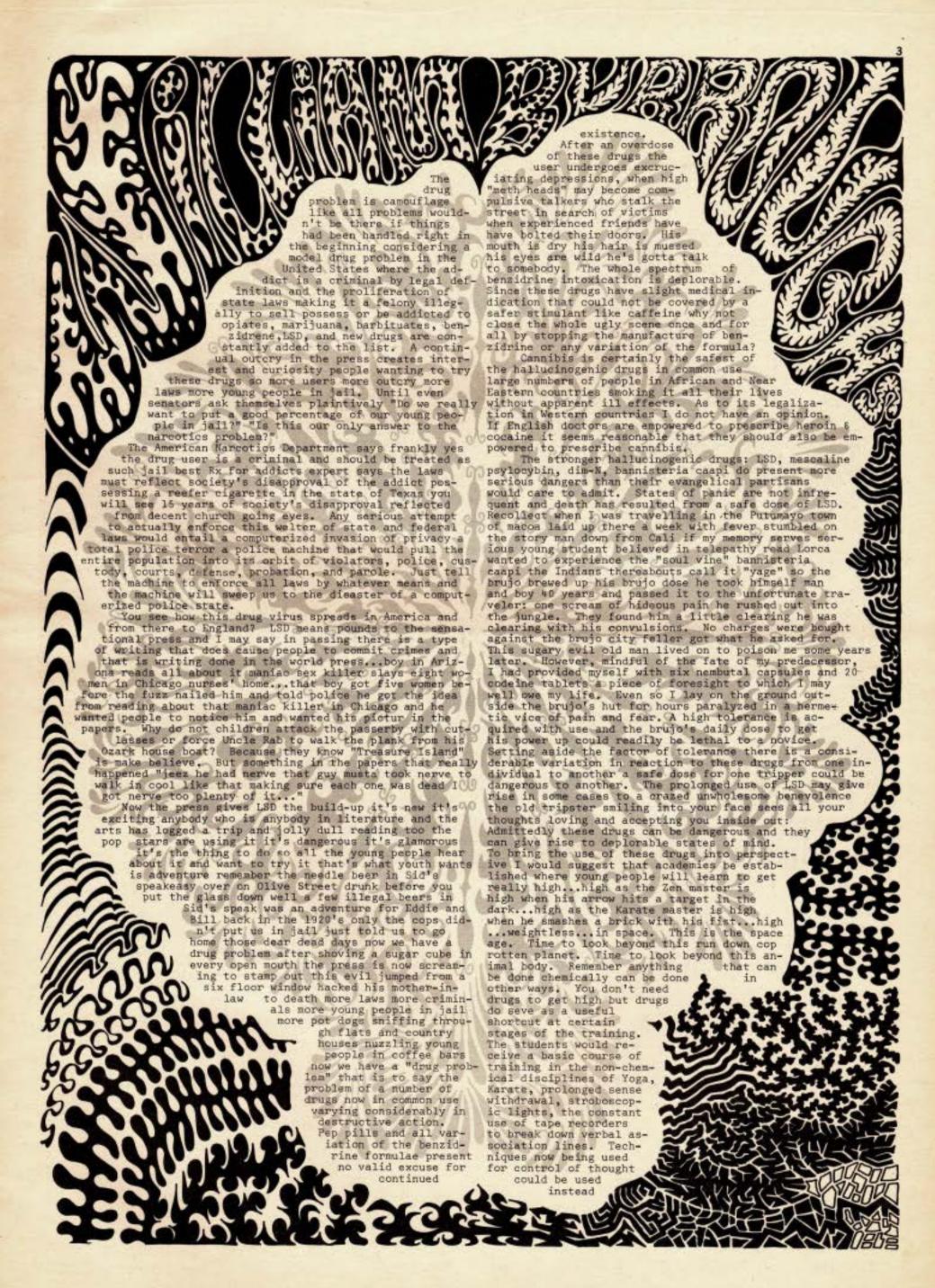
Up to now, you, too, have kept your eyes closed. If you open them, it is, gener-

solely fault in those who are in the process of making Québec independent. Whatever your attitude, we are going to gain It is in that independence. Considering progress. Considering the stupid submission to the USA your representatives Ottawa (lackey of Washington) independence is the only road towards an autonomous inter-national politic, which we Quebecois want: remember the plebiscite on conscription. Considering your profoundly capitalist base, perpetuated by the mass-media's American propaganda -- to which your language renders you susceptible than us, independence constitutes, also the sole road towards Socialism. Because we no longer want exploitation of Quebecois workers by Quebecois capitalists and we don't accept their present exploitation by Anglo-American capitalists.

No, friend, it is too late for me to lose a single minute to attempt to make you listen to reason. The time is no longer, when we ask you if Quebec independence will come nor how we will get there. The time has come to ask you what role you will play by being an English-speaking Quebecer. The time has come to determine for yourself the place that you will occupy in an independent

ebec.

Jacques Larue-Langlois .

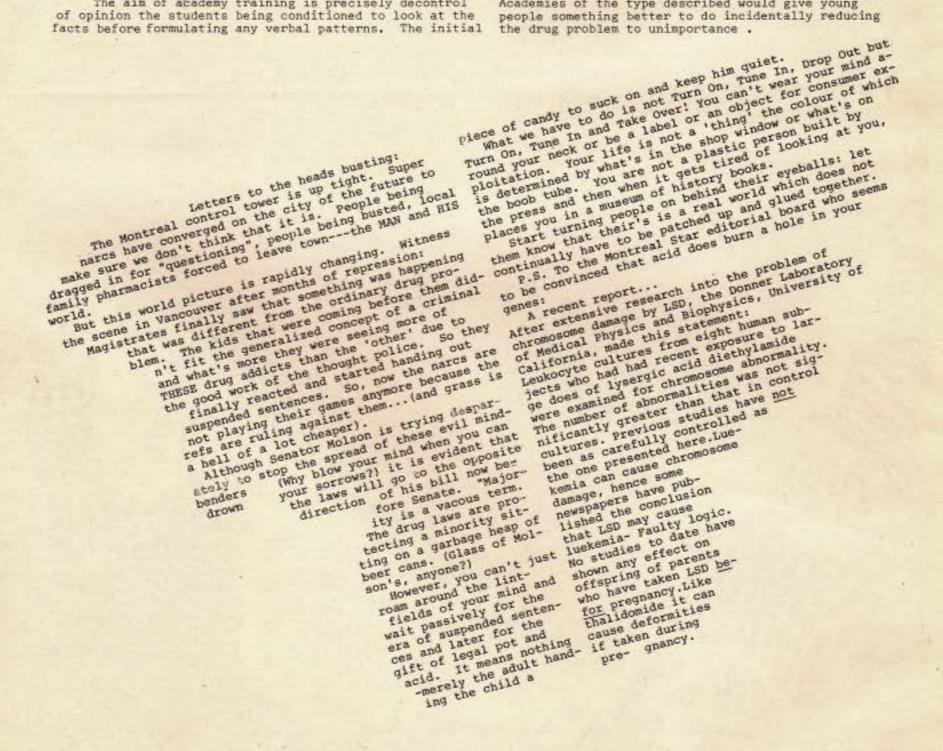


for liberation. With computerized tape recorders and sensitive throat microphones we could attain insight into the nature of human speech and turn the word into a use- ods of expanding awareful tool instead of an instrument of control in hands of a misinformed and misinforming press. Verbal techniques are now being used to achieve more reliable computer processed techniques in the di-rection of opinion control and manipulation the "propaganda war" it's called. The CIA does not give away money for nothing. It gives away money for opinion control in certain directions. Opinion control is a technical operation extending over a period of years. First a population segment - segment "preparation" is conditioned to react to words rather than word referents. Count Korzybski who formulated General Semantics used to begin a lecture by pointing to a chair and saying "Whatever that is it is

not a chair." That is the object chair is not the verbal or written label "chair". He considered the confusion between label and object the "is of identity" he called it, to be a basic flaw in Western thought this flaw is cultivated by the practitioners of opinion control. will notice in the subsidized periodicals a curious prose without image. If I say the word "chair" you see a chair. If I say "the concommittance of societal somnolence with the ambivalent smugness of unavowed totalitarianism" you see nothing. This is pure word conditioning the reader to react to words. "Prepar ations" so conditioned will then react predictably to words. The conditioned preparation is quite impervious to facts.

The aim of academy training is precisely decontrol of opinion the students being conditioned to look at the facts before formulating any verbal patterns. The initial

training in non-chemi- cal methness would last at least two years. During this period the student would be requested to refrain from all drugs including alcohol since bodily health is essential to minimize mental disturbance. After basic training the student would be prepared for drug trips to reach areas difficult to explore by other means in the present state of our knowledge. The program propsed is essentially a disintoxication from inner fear and inner control a liberation of thought and energy to prepare a new generation for the adventures of space. With such possibilities open to them I doubt if many young people wuold want the destructive drugs. Remember junk keeps you right here in junky flesh on this earth where Boot's is open all night. You can't make space in an aqualung of junk. The problem of those already addicted remains. Addicts need medical treatment not jail and not prayers. I have spoken frequently of the apomorphine treatment as the quickest and most efficacious method of treating addicts. Variations and synthesis of the apo-morphine formula might well yeild a miracle drug for disintoxication. The drug lomotil which greatly reduces the needs for opiates but is in itself not addicting, might prove useful. With experimentation a painless cure would certainly emerge. What makes a cure stick is when the cured addict finds something better to do and realizes he could not do it on junk. Academies of the type described would give young people something better to do incidentally reducing





CONTACT OFFERS MEDICAL, PSYCHIATRIC, AND LEGAL SERVICES AS WELL AS A PLACE TO STAY FOR A SHORT AND LIMITED TIME, AND PERHAPS SOME LEADS FOR WORK DEPEND-ING ON YOUR QUALIFICATIONS.

As far as the legal aid situation is concerned, the chap who's been arrested calls up from the police station. We phone a lawyer (we have a number of lawyers in our files who have donated their services) and he takes care of him from there on in.

In fact people who have been picked up by the police have given this place as a home address. It's one of the first things they think of as soon

as there's trouble.

If somebody's sick, his first reaction - if he knows about us - is to come here, because he doesn't know how to get in touch with a doctor. He's not going to phone a doctor. He knows doctors charge. So if he comes here we will refer him to somebody who will take care of him.

We get in touch with the young kids who get caught up in a bum trip and and land in the Royal Victoria Hos pital. We're up there or they call down,

We go up and see if there's anything we can do for them and see if we can talk them down from their trip. If they can't be talked down, like this kid who they sedated the other night; then, when they get out in the morning they give them the address and are told they can come here and shoot the shit.

The people who contact us know that they're not only going to be handled by professional psychiatrists, but that they are also going to get help from people in their own sphere, who have had experience in the drug themselves.

The hospital people are not able to handle these situations on their own but with help from such organizations as Contact they are more or less aware of what's going on. We can also help them improve their clinical methods. We can point out the mistakes they're making on a personal level. This is how we're working; not so much to a mass, but to individuals.

There are people right now that are making use of the psychiatric services that we offer. When they want it

really want it and not before. Some people use it as a cop-out. For instance, a lot of people who come in express a strong desire to work until we hand them a list of people to go and see see. The list seems to turn then right off; they'll disappear for a couple of days and come back for coffee again, searching for a psychiatrist because they have trouble in their head. At that particular stage we're not too sympathetic. We're not too keen on people who use it as a cop-out to get a free bed.

The medical service and the legal advice are free. If the kids feel that they want to pay the money back then it's up to them, but there's no pressure. The aid comes first and if there is no money after the aid then so what? And our contacts are good. They are giving us their time and effort and really getting nothing out of it, nothing tangible anyways. They just want to see certain changes made and this is one of the ways they feel they can do it. One of the lawyers that we know is trying very hard to promote the legalization of marijuana.

For the most part Contact boils down to a centre of communication and information where people can become informed on what is happening in Montreal in any sphere. This is not just what we outlined before, but a focal point for all the related parts of the community or community-to-be. We've provided phoning facilities, message-leaving facilities and even meeting facilities at our place on Jeanne-Mance for anybody who wants to use them. What the community misses in Montreal, is a central place where messages or requests or people can be found. We keep a fair-ly extensive list of who's around in Montreal. We're probably the people to see if you're looking for somebody in particular, if you want to start something, if there is something you're in-terested in. There's all sorts of things going on. Like we've got clothes especially when they get the kind of jobs that are really menial and shitty. Eventually a job co-op should be set up to help transients and Montreal resistents to take up temporary or full time work that will be suitable to where their heads are at.

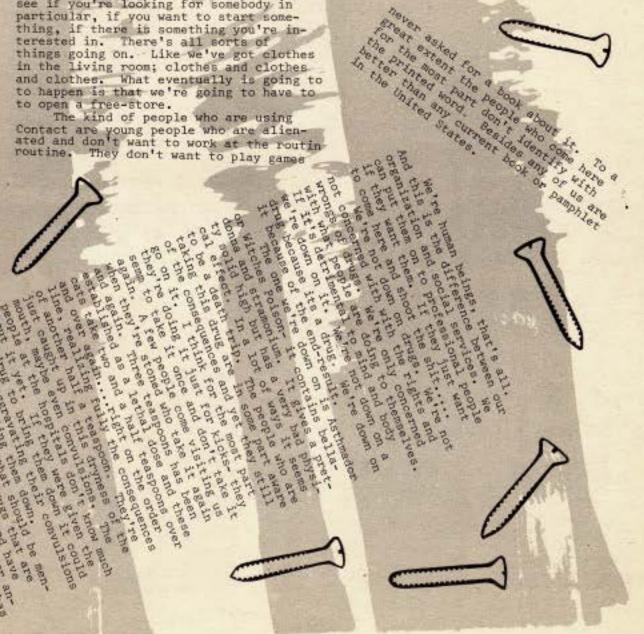
Most of the people who need our help are from the latter stages of high school. We don't get any nine-to-five white collar drug users because they are capable or should be capable of dealing with their own problems to some extent. They have their own medical contacts, they know a shrink.

Sometimes a chick will come here if she's pregnant or ill from the after-effects of an abortion. We can help them on the medical level and we also try to help their heads too because they've gone through a traumatic experience. What we have now is literature that will put a chick on to contraception, free. We've also had a number of people up from the States who are dodging the draft. They 're interested in their status. They come up here, and see a poster for Contact and then come and ask us how they can get landed immigrant status.

For the most part, the people that come here are part of the so-called underground, they may also be college students who have dropped out. A lot of the people who come here are not yet ready to do anything constructive. They're sort of here to escape, to avoid the issue.

We are outside the establishment although we have to co-operate with it in some ways. This is the way it has to be.

It's a matter of being concerned with the individual human being- what's inside their head and not merely a matter of adjusting. It becomes a personal relationship. We don't say, "Well, have you had your vitamin B lately?".We react with them on a human level. People that come here are looking for other people. They aren't looking for books. They ask us questions like, "Is it true you can be addicted to speed? Is it true you can be addicted to opium?". They ask us things like that but they've





in general and in particular. These two things would alleviate the problems of misinformation that we have right

Contact itself has met with some of the representatives of social agencies and law enforcement bodies in preliminary seminars and tried to stir up some interest in this particular manifestation of the general unhealthiness. The trouble is having people realize what's going on, to realize ther is a problem. Despite the arrests of 20 or 30 local teenagers, parents will deny that there is a drug problem of any consequence in their area.

With acid and grass youget a certain type of thinking- a burst of free-dom in the individual. The person comes out of his shell and never wants to go back. To aid them you are going to have to be able to give them something meaningful. Most of them will be young and they won't be able to understand.

That's not our function. That's not our realm at all. We are not Millbrooke. The problems that we deal with are practical problems- if a person's

busted we are going to try to get him out; if he's sick we're going to get him to a hospital; if he has something wrong with his head we are going to try to get him a shrink; or give him some clothes or some food or try and set up a job for him.

What can you do for these kids that keep returning? For instance, you personally have been able to work something out by setting up Contact, but what can or are you doing for these kids?

Resolution is not something you can

give to people.

Yes, but a lot of kids are being stepped on really bad. Look what happened to Haight-Ashbury.

That place was just a freak-jungle.

There was no order.

You're not creating order here either. What happened in Haight might not happen in Montreal because this is a different city; but, it's going to happen to some individuals and how are you going to handle that? How are you going to create this order to give these people confidence?

The only thing you can give such people is the example of yourself hav-

ing a direction and being together.
Don't you think that when you begin to become effective that the police are going to come down on you? Like the Diggers? When you really start helping people who the police consider fair play what then?

We're not doing the Digger's thing. I think that the difference of opinion that is arising here is between our view of the world and what I conceive to be your(Logos') rather dark, up-tight view of the world.

But perhaps this view of the world has really quite a bit of reality be-



her and put forth information on drugs to be a drug information clinic to gatother words, a bum-trip clinic. in con-junction with the clinic there will have immediate problem would be treated. In drug abuse clinic set up whereby the the near future something similar to a There is going to have to be in

The drug problem is not the total issue. a very sick situation that exists today. taking drugs is only one small part of tually learn that even leaving home and The establishment must evenproblem. solve the drug problem as an isolated So, there's no point in trying to

Tur them tyens ph the people who have been teach side their heads is what's been put th -ni s'iside their head and what's inbecause people freak out on what they good place to be even with pure drugs are in is not a good one. It's not a generation, the state these kids' heads Due to the sickness of the older

derworld, are made harmful by society and the uning up the drugs. And then, these drugs exploiting the whole goddam mess, fuckthe underworld comes in,

vappening. and society refuse to admit that it is drugs but the fact that their parents they're going into drugs. The sickness is not the fact that they're going into something meaningful in their lives, so against it. They're trying to find adult sickness. But they're reacting in effect, are a manifestation of the got to be done, you know, something has they're sick and they're ... somethings young kids are becoming delinquent and thing that must be dealt with- that nits think that thedrug scene is the kids, it lies with the adults. -DB aur The problem doesn't lie with the

kids are taking adulterated shit, these drugs are contaminated. These The biggest problem is that all

getting now, especially in Canada. ing now and a better quality than you're wonld be cheaper that what you're paytoward a legal consumer thing. 11 names like Acapulco Gold, Panama Red, Black Gunji, The whole thing is moving co companies have put patents on trade legalized. Already in the States tobac-Marijuana is probably going to be

legalize it. you make your own or don't use it, Or business you are going to have the prob-lem. There is nothing to be done unless As long as those people are handling the na and schmack - to create a dependency. son you find speed in acid, and marijuathere will always be an attempt to get people wired to drugs. This is the rea-

handled by underworld organizations, heroin habit. As long as acid is being phetamine. Amphetamine (speed) addic-tion is a harder thing to break then a been cut with various things such as am-

LES MOTEERS OF INVENTION: HYPOCRISIE NOUS TE VALN-CRONS PAIR LA SATIRE

Il se passe des choses fort curieuses aux Etats-Unis. Les artistes se divisent en deux catégories bien dis-

(1) les gloires nationales, ceux qui, au strict point de vue artistique, ne valent absolument rien. Exemples: Ernest Hemingway (Pour vous en convain-cre, vous n'avez qu a relire ce pseudo-chef-d'oeuvre mortellement ennuyeux et dénué de toute trace d'imagination: "Le vieil homme et la mer".), John Stein-beck: "L'Amérique, mon chien et moi!" (triomphe d'un certain infantilisme naîf et petit-bourgeois que l'on cher-che à nous imposer), et ses récentes déclarations à propos de la guerre du Viêt-nam (elles sont fort révélatrices). Dean Martin, Mitch Miller ...

Inutile d'insister.

(2) Il y a les autres, les hontes nationales, ceux que l'Amérique récuse, et qu'elle veut cacher au reste du mon-Les choses prennent une juste revanche quand on sait que ces déchets humains, parait-il (imaginez donc, chère madame, ils ont les cheveux longs ...et ils sont sales), sont justement ceux qui défendent la pureté de l'Esprit, qui, artistiquement, font les choses de valeur, et sont sur les soèchoses de valeur, et sont sur les scè-nes artistiques mondiales, la gloire des Etats-Unis. Exemples: Norman Mail-er, William Burroughs, Allan Ginsberg, Bob Dylan, Joan Baez et enfin un groupe musical qui considère qu'il a engendré la découverte et qui, sans inhibitions, se fait appeler les "mamans de l'invention" ou, en anglais, "The Mothers of Invention."

Mais, qui sont les "Mothers of In-vention"? Le groupe a été fondé, il y a à peine trois ans par Frank Zappa, un bonhomme qui, contrairement à ce que dit la chanson, malgré ses cheveux, fort longs, n'a pas les idées courtes. Le groupe s'est donné pour but de dé-truire les valeurs les plus imbéciles, c'est-à-dire les valeurs les plus so-lidement établies de la société américaine. Pour ce faire, tous les moyens musicaux sont employés, y compris les onomatopées sexuelles les plus éviden-

tes et les mots les plus choquants. La réaction de l'opinion américaine à leur égard n'a pas été longue à se faire sentir: on leur ferma la porte de tous les postes de radio du continent.

Malgré cette hypocrite censure, les "Mothers of Invention" réussirent quand même à vendre plus d'un demi-million de leurs deux disques: "Freak Out" et "Absolutely Free", se classant par le fait même au trentième rang des meilleurs vendeurs de toute l'histoire du disque aux Etats-Unis.

Un autre disque: "We Are In for the Money" sera bientôt disponible. Nous y

reviendrons.

Les apparitions publiques des "ma-mans de l'invention" sont ce qu'il y a de plus imprévisible. Engagés par un cabaret de Hollywood pour présenter un spectacle de musique de danse, ils donment libre cours à leur imagination débordante et déroutante.

Le premier soir de leur engagement, ils se présentent trois sur scène: un batteur, un pianiste et un chanteur, un bêleur plutôt, et, recréant, mais en dix fois pire, l'écoeurante atmosphère de vulgarité des "night-clubs" américains, ils imitent, d'une façon simies-



que les succès à la Dean Martin si chers à ces lieux.

La deuxième soirée, ils se présen-tent trente-deux sur scène, équipés de tout un attirail: trois batteries, une armée de saxophones, de trompettes, de hauthois, de clarinettes, d'harmonicas, douze guitares électriques, quelques gongs chinois, des violons, des contrebasses, des tympanis, des maraccas, des castagnettes, ainsi que de nombreux au-tres instruments de leur invention. Sans oublier, évidemment, un poste de radio (pour les grincements et les nouvelles sportives) et une à deux enre-gistreuses (pour repasses, à une vitesse différente, ce qu'ils avaient enre-gistré auparavant). Durant cinq heures on pourra assister à un spectacle qui laisse loin derrière lui certaines des expériences les plus audacieuses ten-tées au cours du dernier demi-siècle musical. Cinq heures durant, les rythmes endiablés succèdent aux rythmes obsédants, les recherches tonales les plus avant-gardistes aux cris d'outretombe, les cacophonies les plus folles aux cris les plus vulgaires et les plus indécents, les onomatopées sexuelles grinçantes aux arrangements orchestraux dignes des meilleurs orchestres de "Free-Jazz" et de musique concrète.

Le troisième soir, Frank Zappa, la maman des "mamans", seul sur scène, revêtu d'un long manteau de fourrure lui allant jusqu'aux chevilles, dans le ballet durant deux longues heures. enlève ensuite son manteau de fourrure. Horreur! Pour tout vêtement, il ne porte qu'une courte mini-jupe. Il exporte qu'une courte mini-jupe. Il ex-hibe fièrement ses grosses jambes poilues, sa poitrine velue, et, le plus calmement du monde se met à faire ses exercices de yoga.

Le quatrième soir, les membres du groupe, confortablement installés dans des fauteuils, rient et ridiculisent à qui mieux mieux, qui, des seins plats de telle jeune fille de l'assistance, qui, du long nez de telle autre, qui, des yeux louchants de tel timide étudiant présent là par hasard. La soirée prend fin quand Zappa, d'un air har-gneux crie à l'assistance: "Si jamais vos enfants se rendent compte à quel point vous êtes dégoûtants, ils vous tueront durant votre sommeil."
Il n'y eut jamais de cinquième soi-

rée. Le gérant de l'établissement, dé-

couragé, tenta de se suicider. Quand ils apprirent qu'il était hospitalisé pour plus d'un mois, les "Mothers", en bonnes mamans compréhensives, rompirent leur contrat. Le groupe qui les remplaça manifesta certes moins d'imagination. Aux dernières nouvelles, le gé-rant, sa convalescence terminée, se porte très bien.

A la lecture de ces lignes je vois opinion se former: "Ah! ah! on ne me la fait pas, à moi; ces "Mothers of Inven-tion" ne sont qu'un autre de ces groupes musicaux pour jeunes hippies, tel qu'il s'en est tant formé aux Etats-U-nis depuis quelque temps. Tous ces groupes ont plusieurs points en commun: Ils gouent n'importe quoi, il le jouent mal, et tous leurs agissements ne sont motivés que par une recherche éperdue de publicité."

Eh bien non! Je regrette de vous décevoir, mais la situation est diffé-rente pour les "Mothers of Invention".

Tout d'abord, l'âge moyen des mamans est de 32 ans. Ils ne sont plus des petits jeunes qui se défoulent. Le minimum de technique requis pour jouer une musique passable, est, chez eux, acquis depuis longtenps. Chacun d'eux possède en moyenne quinze années d'ex-périence musicale dans une formation. Quant à la publicité, ils ne perdent pas une occasion de s'en moquer.

Sans tomber dans la banalité on peut dire que lorsqu'ils jouent, les "Moth-ers of Invention" savent ce qu'ils font. Leur musique est intelligemment et lucidement conque, les orchestra-tions dignes, choisies après de nom-breux essais. La portée psychologique de leurs actes est insidieusement et sadiquement calculée. Les paroles de leurs chansons ont été composées avec discernement afin de procurer le maxi mum d'impact à ce qui semble être leur but réel: ridiculiser les institutions américaines, recopier, avec une ironie méprisante, les comportements imbéciles des américains, qu'ils soient adultes ou "teen-agers".

Au contraire des autres, la musique des mamans possède une philosophie, délivre un message social, a un objectif, et cet objectif, bien déterminé, est: "Hypocrisie, nous te vaincrons par la satire..."

Ecouter les deux disques des "Mo-thers of Invention", "Freak Out" et "Absolutely Free", est toute une aven-ture émotionnelle, esthétique et intellectuelle.

Tout d'abord vous rencontrez leur héroîne, "Suzy Creamcheese". "Suzy Creamcheese", c'est la petite américaine typique, sportive, saine, aux idées courtes, parfaitement bien équili-brée, complètement dénuée d'imagination, conformiste intellectuellement, et qui n'a qu'une idée en tête: se marier, et avoir une piscine derrière sa

Ce que ne l'impêche pas de se croire très éveillée intellectuellement, et de porter, avec une naïveté terrifiante, et sans aucune de ces restrictions qu' apporte la réflexion, des jugements sur l'art, la situation mondiale, les problèmes sociaux et politiques, etc.

A titre d'exemple, nous avons nous aussi, au Québec, nos "Suzy Cream-cheese." L'édition montréalaise pourrait donner à peu près ceci: (Excusez "Bonjour, mon nom est Louise Conformiste. Je suis secrétaire à l'Hydro-Québec depuis deux ans. Je travaille sur une belle dactylo électrique I.B.M. neuve, haye! C'est assez le fun. Le soir, j'écoute le Canal 10, ou je lis 'Intimité'. Je vais faire du ski toutes les fins de semaine avec mon 'chum'. Il va s'acheter une Chrysler, là, et puis on va se marier après. Le film que j'ai le mieux aimé, c'est "Angélique numéro 3". Le spaghetti de chez Da Giovanni, c'est le meilleur, blah! blah! ..." Enfin, vous voyez le genre: "Etre vulgaire m'importe peu, pourvu-que ce soit dans le luxe."

On comprend facilement qu'un tel schantillon de bêtise humaine permette et même porte à la satire. Les "Mothers of Invention" ne s'en privent

point.

Les mamans se moquent aussi de la vie sexuelle des américains, des ridicules amours de "teen-agers". La publicité, les hippies (plastic-people) ne sont pas épargnés.

"Brown Shoes Don't Make It" vous apprendra que le système d'éducation américain ne vous amènera éventuellement qu'à un "TV Dinner by the Pool". Conclusion: l'école est inutile, laissez tomber.

"Trouble Comin' Everyday" est un excellent morceau composé sur le passetemps favori des Wallace d'Alabama: la ségrégation. "Help! I'm a Rock" se transforme lentement mais sûrement en "Help, I'm a cop" (Au secours, je suis un flic), et vous apprendrez qu'il n'y a pas tellement de différence entre les deux: tous les deux sont "square".

"Call Any Vegetable" est une leçon:
Premièrement, ne vous montrez pas intelligent en face d'un flic (vegetable); l'intelligence, il ignore ce
que c'est, et ça pourrait le blesser.
La fin du morceau contient une liste de
sujets pour simples d'esprit qu'il convient de respecter si l'on veut rester
en bons termes avec la force constabulaire: la citrouille, les coudes, le
papier ciré, etc...

Et ce n'est là que quelques exemples, pris au hasard, de leur imagination, et de leurs capacités d'invention au point de vue de l'ironie bête et méchante.

Musicalement parlant, les mamans sont imbattables. Ils se réclament de grands maîtres. Bach, Beethoven, certes mais surtout des contemporains: Edgar Varèse, Pierre Boulez, Karlheinz Stockhausen, Olivier Messiaen. Le "Free-Jazz" n'est pas oublié, ni Eric Dolphy, Ornette Coleman, ni Charlie Mingus. Leurs capacités de mimétisme, de synthèse et de composition à ce point de vue, sont impressionnantes.

Personnellement, je n'avais qu'une piètre idée de la musique populaire avant l'audition des "Mothers of Invention". Je dois avouer que cette audition a considérablement bouleversé mes idées à ce sujet.

Il faut maintenant s'en rendre com-

pte, les grands compositeurs ne font plus tous partie du camp de la "grande" musique.

Et je ne serais pas surpris du tout si, un jour, malgré ses pitreries, Frank Zappa soit universellement reconnu comme un des grands compositeurs musicaux américains.

A condition, évidemment, que ces préjugés idiots, sur la musique populaire, trop répandus et ces préjugés sur les cheveux longs perdent de leur intensité.

par Gilles Ouellet.



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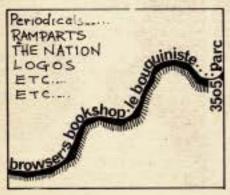


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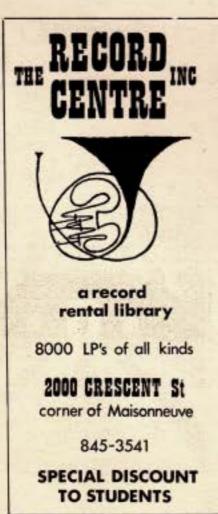


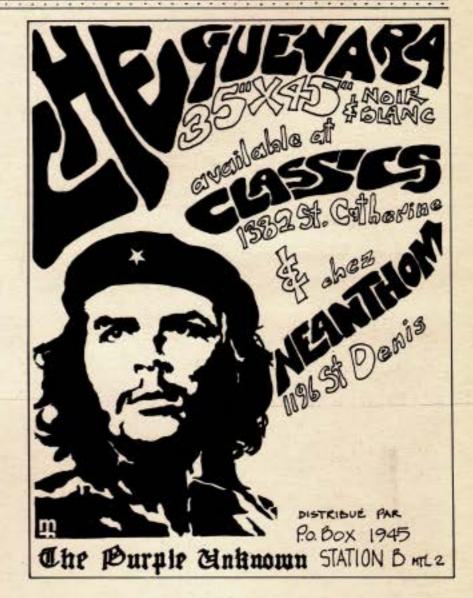




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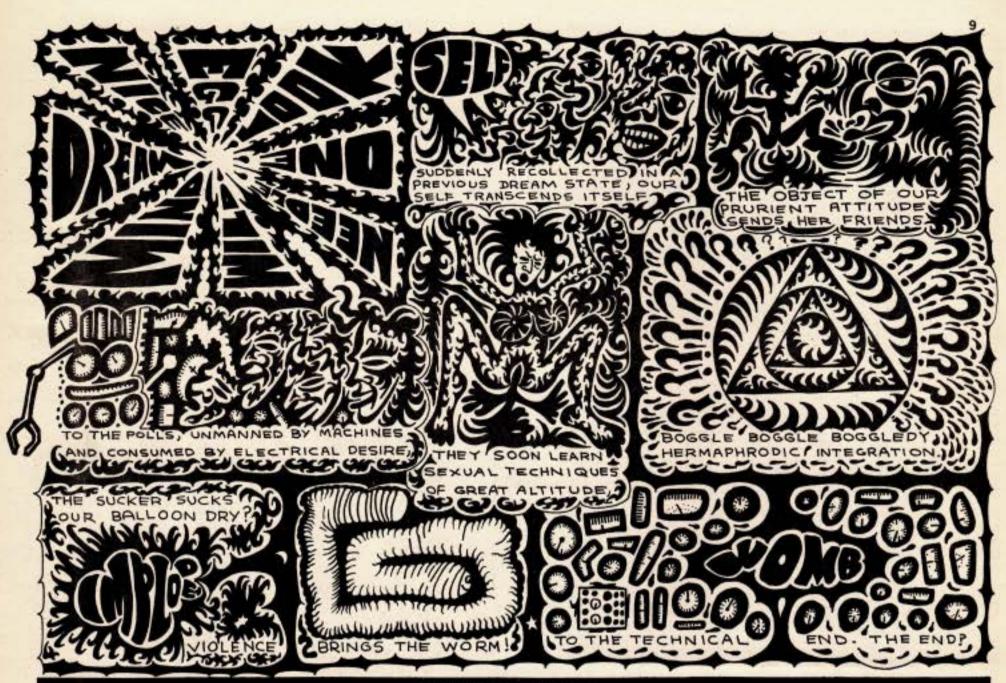




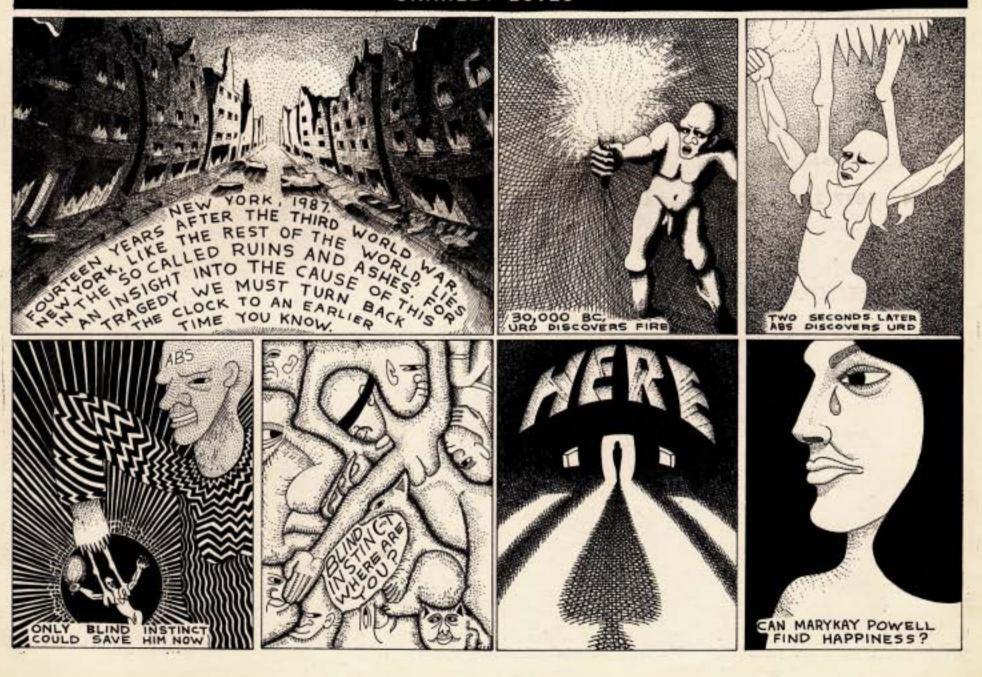








CHARLEY LOVES





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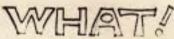


MEET "RAT BUNS," THE NOTORIOUS LOCAL JOLLY-JOLLY ON "HOT-LINE" RADIO.



YES MR. BUNS, I'M CALLING ABOUT MY 1954 HYSTERECHTOMY AND N WOULD LIKE TO SAYTHAT MY NEIGHBOR'S UNCLE WAS A DOPE FIEND FOR THREE YEARS WHEN....





YOU WHO ARE DIRECTLY RESPONSIBLE FOR
THE FACT THAT THERE ARE NO SUBWAYS
IN PITTSBURGH?!!!



AND FURTHERMORE LADY

THIS IS MY SHOW!!!

YOU VILE

CONGISH

FILTHY

BILIOUS

STUDENTISH

HIPPIESQUE

IDIOTIC.

STUPID

CRUDDY

CRAPPY

FRENCH!

WANCOUTERISH!







WINE WITH





MY GOD I JUST HAD AN ORGASM!



Of all the laughs that strictly speaking are not laughs, but modes of ululation, only three I think need detain us, I mean the bitter, the hollow and the mirthless... The bitter, the hollow and the mirthless... The bitter laugh laughs at that which is not good, it is the ethical laugh. The hollow laugh laughs at that which is not true, it is the intellectual laugh. Not good! Not true! Well well. But the mirthless laugh is the dianoetic laugh down the snout-Haw!--so. It is the laugh of laughs, the risus purus, the laugh laughing at the laugh, the beholding, the saluting of the highest joke, in a word the laugh that laughs--silence please--at that which is unhappy.

Samuel Beckett, Watt.

What Beckett defines in the above excerpt from what is certainly one of the most ruthlessly funny novels of all time is perhaps all that can be said on the subject of the laughs which are not laughs, but howls, ululations of grief. But for those of us who have laughed of ululated (nice word, that) recently at How I Won the War and/or the Fugs, and/or Charlie Chaplin's Gold Rush, the problem of the emergence of this laugh into a fully-blown art form adds an additional dimension of interest. Hence the following.

FUGS

The Fugs, for example, induce us to laugh wilz lingly at that which is in essence not funny; that is, either a past full of fumblings and ejaculations in back seats of Father's car, or a past empty of such experience. Although both situations happened (or didn't happen), the Fugs' "how it was" appraoch- a trip down manary lane, as it were- allows us to view our past from an objective and uninvolved vantagepoint, a position which has always been essential to the comic art. Here Ed Sander's microphone eroticism acts as a balance to the flood of nostalgia (or imagined nostalgia in the case of the sheltered adolescent), and invokes the possibility of present sexual titillation- young nubiles in the crowd, too young to laugh, or perhaps anticipating a back seat ritual following the show, may blush, giggle, or even go sticky-wet, depending presumably on the location of their seats. It is hardly necessary to add that the Fugs are in no sense obscene or even suggestive (they suggest nothing), but are good family fun in the best sense of the term, in the good old comic-nostalgicorgasmic tradition.

LESTER

But the risus purus really begins to emerge in Lester's extraordinary (brilliant even) film. The real war here is not WW II but the war against our sensibilities and moral hesitancies. Lester wins this war by creating a form which seems beyond aesthetic criticism; we are placed in a situation in which we can finally say only that all experience is funny, and, which is the same thing, that no experience is. You catch yourself saying to a friend the next day, "If you think Bonnie and Clyde was funny, wait until you see How I Won the War..." and the horror is not that you can say such a statement but that the film itself permits, even encourages, such a statement to be made in an entirely valid way. We are not allowed as we were in Bonnie and Clyde, to escape into the sort of easy platitude that "deep down it's serious", or "the comic exterior only masks the hidden tragedy," because lester's technique won't let us: the soldiers are nice green and blue and orange plastic Cracker-Jack toys, and the blood is so obviously coloured water, and Dunkirk and Dieppe are just bubble-gum cards to frighten no one. Perhaps the master-stroke in all this is Lester's use of John Lennon who, in a part which is completely irrelevant, refuses to act, re-fuses to speak intelligibly until his death scene, and finally, fatally wounded in the groin, tells us that this is what we came to see, which is perfectly true. Lennon was in it, just like we thought. What makes our laughter finally mirthless is that itis in the end at our own expense; we realize, rather ruefully, that Lester has us all figured out.

CHAPLIN

Chaplin is much easier on our sensibilities than is Lester, because in his art laughter purifies t and makes everything - for a time, at least - almost beautiful. The tramp or clown, up against a world largely devoid of pity for him, must of course be unhappy, but this same unhappiness is a base in contrast to which his perfectly executed comedy is a wonderful-ly defiant gesture. Gold Rush is a masterpiece be-cause init the fusion of the comic and the pathetic is so complete that they are seen as identical, and in fact essential to Chaplin's existence. Hence we almost hate to see him get his girl in the last frames, and break up this fusion to become- we imagine- ordin-

ary and commonplace and happy, and degraded like us.

What can be said about Chaplin - and perhaps
about comedy in general - is better left unsaid. Gold Rush in its original state of innocence, the laugh for its own sake. We have come a long way form this garden of Eden; but the garden, to paraphrase the Fugs, is still open.

YELLOW DOOR

John Folly was born in Ottawa but by singing, travelling and managing coffeehouses he has been able to avoid returning. Currently he is operating the Yellow Door Coffeehouse at 3625 Alymer. Membership is 50¢; admission after joining is 25¢.

The week is a varied one: On Monday night there's classical music; Tuesday, local poets read; Wednesday there's jazz; Thursday, Priday and Saturday nights feature a paid performer; while Sunday night there's

a traditional Hootenanny.

Due to some strange quirk of fate, probably sheer brashness and perversity on John's part, he is able to bring in some of the best of the "real" folk entertainers for incredulously low wages -- Penny Lane, Mike liebson, Bill Garrell and Dennid Brown, Nancy

It's a traditional 1955 bohemian Village coffeehouse (it took a week to set up) - located in a trad-itional basement with the traditional pipes and pillars blocking the view of the traditionally miniscule stage wherever you're sitting.

A haunt for nitty-gritty folk music buffs or an

antique freak show?

MODBALLMODBALLMODBALL

The modball is open. You might ask: "What is this modball?"

We could say it is a dancing place because there is a large dancing floor.

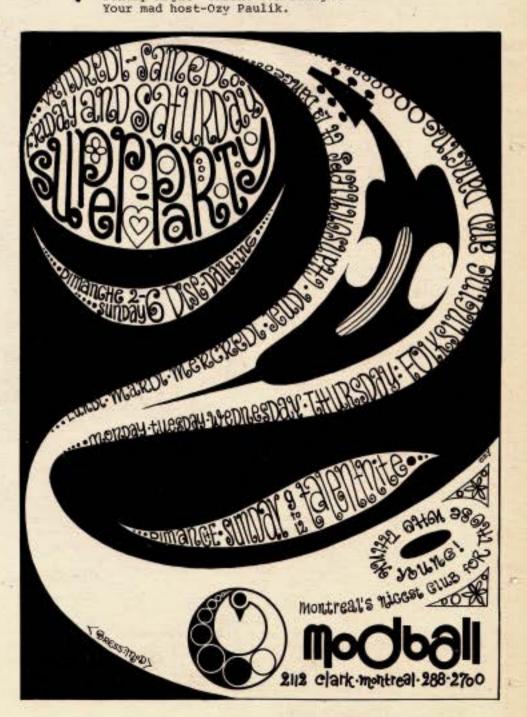
We could say it is a music place because it has live music as well as an excellent music system. We could say it has a light show because it does.

We could say it needs more people. We could say it is a groovy offshoot of the enfolding

"uzak/Mother/love mosaic of human technology that currently gains ground in North America because it is softly lit, circular in form, and provides room for growth within this same (yin) ethical structure.
You might ask where and when it is..... 2112 Clark.

Official Opening in about three weeks. Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday- Discoteque and Folksinging.

Friday and Saturday -- SUPER PARTY -- LIVE MUSIC. Sunday Afternoon Matinee, games and prizes. Sunday Night- Talent Candlenight.



LA PHILOSOPHIE DE L'ACCOUPLEMENT @ COMME EXTENSION DE LA PERSONNALITE.

longtemps--en 1964--le couturier français André Courèges souleva l'indignation géné-rale chez les âmes dévotes qui, au sortir de la messe dominicale, ne pouvaient évi-ter la vision, entre deux annonces d'un magazine, de ses robes qui osaient montrer les genoux des femmes. Les femmes jurèrent qu'elles ne porteraient jamais ces vêtements dont la principale nouveauté consistait moins à habiller qu'à découvrir une certaine qualité du désir. Les bu-reaux, les écoles et les lieux publics respectables bannirent quiconque oserait se montrer ainsi court vêtue. Mais ce fut peine perdue.

Aujourd'hui, les femmes ne montrent plus seulement leurs genoux, mais leurs cuisses, et elles les ouvrent infailliblement pour découvrir des couleurs et des motifs qui ont renouvelé les dessous. Hier, comme tout le monde le sait, le sexe était teinté d'un coté bestial. L'accouplement devait se pratiquer entre deux esprits et les corps assistaient pour ainsi dire à la transaction, La grande révolution de l'après-guerre a été de ramener le corps dans les jeux de l'a-mour. Notre civili mour. Notre civilisation commence à redéconvrir la beauté et l'importance du sexe pour lui-même indépendamment de l'attivail surexploité de l'esprit: et la personnalité, par le fait même, a conquis une nouvelle extension qui englohe cette fois tout le corps et non plus seulement ertaines parties chantées it sublimées telles le visable et les mains. Notre civilisation 0

L'EROTISME CONTRE LES "SCIEN-

Cette transformation de la philosophie du corps et de 1' accouplement, manifeste sur-tout parmi la génération née après 1940, devait nécessai-rement se heurter au blocus des "honnêtes gens". Ces derniers ont développé une terminologie sexuelle qu'ils voulaient scientifique et qui n'est que prude. Mais la pruderie et la science ne conviennent plus à ceux qui retrouvent maintenant en la sexualité brute une occasion de se reconnaître et de s'accepter. Le <u>mot</u> <u>de passe</u> de la nouvelle vague ayant pourtant atteint la vague précédente, celle-ci n'aura de repos que d'empêcher l'attroupement autour des nouveaux chefs qui, tôt ou tard, aboliront leurs privilèges. Car la sexualité n'est qu'un des nombreux symboles autour desquels se précisent une volon-

té de concevoir la vie. Le recours à l'appareil traditionnel de l'autorité qu'est la justice apparaît comme l'expression rageuse d' une telle exaspération. Les attaques portent sur la ré-

Il y a longtemps, très évaluation du corps dans la société traduite par une imagerie et une littérature nouvelle, qui prone le libre accouplement et de la liberté de signification pour l'art et les média d'information. A Montréal, on arrête la présentation d'une pièce les Saltimbanques, et les Jeux premiers numéros de la revue Sexus. On multiplis les des centes dans les satés fréquentés par un certaine jeunesse, des le but de laire la premu nesse, dans le but de laire la preuw un mare crif de la dre et de d'obuvrir les lieux liéviés de réunions dont leu donventions ne sont plus le baise-mains mais le "voyage un le if et libre de toute Et 1'on tra monde devant la ju l'espoir de les voir balance la tête et fonde en larres en affirmant une ferme con-trition et un ferme propos. Espoir ridiculement inu-tile. La défense des Saltim-

banques fut bien menée: au lieu de prétendre n'avoir pas quitté la camisole de force ventu traditionnelle, el mettement le bien-féretisme dont on a lirement une vi-procès traînant note grimpant a to hre, viennent renforc au fort de de e qui, imtion actuelle, ne trouve d' autret recours à l'aide d'un système juridique étroit et dispendieux, que de relentir obstinément le souvement ir-réversible d'une jeunesse submergeant déjà en fait la population d'êge adulte.

nouvelle de la femma tonne de ceute almpli tion comme le marché; la régression mépris da la fille la fille qui "minche' s'étonne qu'une jeunes si libre montre tous gnes de la santé menta la franch 56

L'EROTISKE CONTACT L

Pour sexualité abus . et équilibr verront liberté un rene finalement Ils ne voient pas corps de l'homme et femme est en passe de devemir une culture, et que cette culture est la seule solution possible pour libérer l'individu du sens pernographique de l'univers que leur culture asexuse trainait insvitablement derrière elle

INTERCOURSE AS EXT E N S I ON par Yvan Mornard, éditeur de Sexus.

A long while ago, 1964 the French designer Andre Coureges aroused wide-spread indignation among the devout, who, on leaving the Sabbath Mass, were unable to dispell the vision of his dresses which dared to show women's which dared to show women's knees, publicized in a magazine. Women swore they would never wear such clothes, whose primary novelty consisted less in clothing than in a covering a special quality desire. Offices, schools, public establishments. public establishmen inned whomever would don such short attir useless scolding.

Today, women not only expose their knees, but also their thighs, which they doubtless open to uncover colors and designs which have given new life to lingerie. terday, everyone is aware, was tainted with bestiaty. Intercourse should be facticed between two spirits he body should merely assist to speak, in the trans-tion. The great post-war population has been to return body to the game of love. to rediscover the beauty the importance of sex-in-melf, independent of the erfluous paraphenalia of spirit; moreover, the sonality, in the same way, acquired a new extention ch includes, now, the ene body, not solely certain nted parts, i.e., the sface hands.

Eroticish ve, the mania for

This transformation of the bodily and sexual philosophy, showing itself verywhere in the post-1940 generation, had to battle the blockade of the "honorable blockade of the rhowed developed a sexual terminology alled scientific," but essentially for prudes, But prudishess and "honorable collows" The latter have developed a sexual term nology willed scientific, but essentially for prudes. But prudishness and science" no longer agree ith those who have grasped an occasion to ecognize and extent themselves in animal asxibity. The values of the new generation have overtaken ve overtaken rest only it d the power But these later, the privileges Sexuality one of man around which ceive lif

Recou traditional thority ap raged expres asperation. ried out on of the body -slated thro and literature, which vaunts free love and freedom of expression for art and the infromation media. In Montreal a play given by the Saltimbanques is stopped, and the first two numbers of Sexus are seized. Raids on cafes frequented by certain young people are increased, in order to prove the existence of an active drug-scene, and to discover the priviliged places, where manners are no longer formal, but instead free of all moral obstacles. So, one drags all these "bea-utiful people" before justice hoping to see them lower their heads, melt in tears Affirming their contrition and resolution to "go straight".

A useless hope. The defense of the Saltimbanques was well done: in place of claiming to never have broken with traditional virtue, they clearly defended the law -fulness of the eroticism they had willfully made visual. The trial dragging on, and the rapidly rising cost, came to reinforce the fortress of official morality powerless to impede the contemporary evolution, and finding no substitute for a narrow and costly juridical system but in obstinately slowing down the irreversible movement of the younger generation, already, in fact, subverting the adult popula-

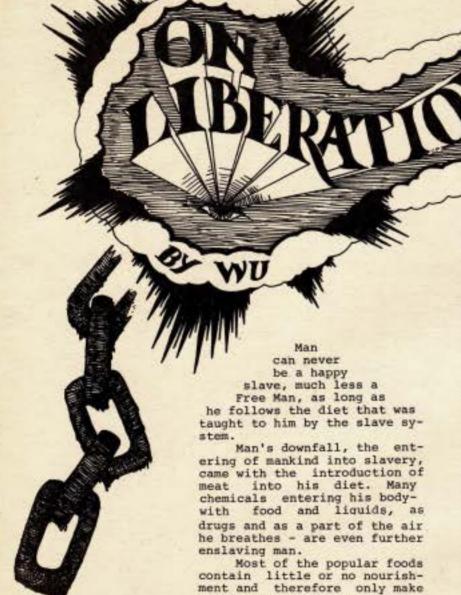
Eroticism vs pornography

This promotion of eroticism occurs with the dis-appearence of vulgarity in the new image of nude men and women. Art and the media sur prise us by the simplicity with which they have begun to use this image; we are astonished at the definite loss of contimpt smong the company of the girl who "goes to bed" we are floored that such a free youth shows all the sign mental health along with free love.

For a majority, illicit remains, necessarily, an abuse and perversion. Their equilibrium is safe; they hall never see that the new moral liberty signifies a renewal of human relationships, where the body can, at last make itself known. They do n't see that the bodies of men and women are on the way to becoming a culture, aswell as that this culture is the only possible solution to lib -erate the individual from the sense of the "universe-as pornography" shich the asexual culture drags, inevitable, behind it.



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oping as the result of eating too much. overdrinking However , surpasses overeating, and as a result most people suffer during their lifetime from some form of kidney ailment.

man's body 'work' without giv-

ulation today is badly under-nourished and overfed. Ill-

nesses of all types are devel-

The majority of the pop-

ing it anything in return.

Medical drugs we are taking usually destroy only the symptoms of the illness without ever restoring the health.

It would be quite difficult for us to completely abstain from the use of all drugs, as well as of all foods and liquids that are harmful. It would be equally hard for us to leave the poisonous air of our cities. However, we can make an effort through which we will be able to minimize the intake of harmful foods, liquids, drugs and the intake of poisonous air.

Space does not permit me to go into details concerning the statements made in this article. Instrad, I will try TO BRING together the basic dietary rules which those in search of Liberation should follow.

1. The traditional diet, based upon meat and potatoes, should be replaced with a diet based upon whole grains and vegetables.

Cracked wheat of rolled oats makes very good breakfast cereals. They can be used a-lone, combined, or mixed with millet, flax seeds, barley, soya, cracked buckwheat, corn meal or rice polishings.

Brown rice, cracked wheat buckwheat combined with or buckwheat carrots, dandelion, cabbage, spinach, soya beans or peas makes a very good dinner or supper. An equally good meal can be made with whole wheat,



insecticides

should be used whenever poss-7. It is preferable to

use vegetable or sea salt inof purified salt; brown sugar, honey or maple syrup instead of white sugar; locally grown fruits and vegetables instead of imported ones; wild vegetables and fruits instead of cultivated ones; cold pressed vege-tables instead of animal fat.

chemical additives, artificial

colouring or

8. The consumption of sweets should be kept at minimum.

9. No utensils made of aluminum should be used in

10. The diet should be well balanced.

11. It is important to

have good digestion. A pleasant carminative, such as roasted dandelion, should be introduced into the diet. Drinking while eating will harm good digestion.

12. Avoid: overeating, hurried eating, eating under conditions of emotional stress (worry, tension, anger, de-pression etc.), eating when overtired or in a state of

deep fatigue.

Enjoy your food! Find ways and means to make it more tasty. Experiment and find out for yourself which foods you need, as well as which foods agree or disagree with your basic metabolism. Above all: stop eating meat, stop drinking alcohol, stop using drugs.

Anyone who would like to have additional information concerning the above diet should write to me in care of this newspaper. Sending a telephone number would be an

buckwheat or soya noodles. This basic grain and veg-etable diet can be supplemented with other foods. However, they should never take a major place on the menu.

2. Meat should be com-pletely eliminated from the diet. It can be substituted for by fish.

3. Psychedelic bring change, but no freedom. Instead of being chained to the exterior slave system, the 'head' becomes chained to his own interior slave system. This new system enslaves man through the creation of chaos which makes it impossible for him to 'organize' and to live a full life.

4. The action of alcohol the most potent drug used by our slave system, is just the opposite to that of psychedelics. Alcohol chains man to the exterior world. Man becomes chained to all that is superficial, narrow-minded, materialistic and removed from his own true being. Instead of being prevented from living a full life by his disorganized and chaotic mind, he is prevented this time by his overly organized 'square' mind Therefore, substituting psy-chedelics for alcohol or alcohol for psychedelics equals substituting one slave system for another.

5. Medical drugs should only be taken when absolutely necessary. They can often be substituted for by herbs.

6. Non-processed organically grown foods, free from

NATURAL FOODS

macrobiotics herbs



7494 st Hubert 274-7079

908 Decarie 744-6148 VILLE ST LNT.

Disband! Disperse! Destroy!

by JOHN BROWN

EDITORS' NOTE: ... this is the second paper in our current symposium, entitled DISSENT: TREASON OR SUBVERSION? Sponsored by the "Ford (of Canada) Foundation", in conjunc-tion with the "J. M. Kaplan Fund" (Canadian branch) .*

Our next issue will carry a paper in this series, entitled: "The Coming of the Anti-Christ!"

To the Editors:

A slightly different version of the enclosed article has been solicited by a West Coast Underground paper. But since the article was written during a trip to Montreal, and the memory of the American Consulate was fresh in my mind, this first version is geared more for a Canadian audience--although it is intended for people in the States. If you wish to publish it, feel free to do so; if not, please burn it. The afternatives presented are not highly popular ones, and the article advocates criminal and treasonous action.

Did you go to Washington and get your head busted in? Were you watching the news on television when the Los Angeles cops played croquet with our heads at Century Plaza? Have you marched, picketed, signed petitions, joined groups, attended rallies and demonstrations, sat in, gone to jail, been beaten or watched your friends being beaten?

Has it done any damned good?

I propose a radical departure from the present tactics of civil rights groups and the peace movement. this departure in tactics is for radical extremists only: those who are convinced that the prospects for a change in the direction of United States foreign policy through a program prospects for a of gradualism and persuasion is a cretin illusion. It is for those think that the present economic and political structure of the country must be smashed, entirely done away with and replaced with something same and humane. It is for those who literally hate and despise the present Washington administration and would do anything to destroy its functioning.

But first some definitions.

Revolution: a complete upheaval and turning upside dome the pocial-economic structure of so shall be first, and In particular destruction the substil Rebell on? best loos with lin and invol of people Revolu

where al in 8 unwilling tively fe mic con whose general condiical misery and extr revolution occurs mate of interests.

Pre - revolutionary so where there is no great amount of de-privation, oppression, or physical suf-fering. There may be a growing minority of discontented people, but the great majority are complacent or apathetic with their lot; and are, in fact, loyal to their form of government. Only a handful of men in such a society are aware of the danger signals of a violent situation to be net at some future

In a revolutionary condition, near chaos always precedes the assumption of leadership by a popular group or movement that successfully voices the demands and discontent of the people. During this chaotic period, cabinets, juntas rise and fall. Military coups and counter coups usually occur or are attempted; and terrorism, assassination and extreme oppressive and retaliatory measures are common.

Foreign countries holding stakes in a colonial or neo-colonial situation usually intervene, either through direct military action of the arming and supporting of counter-revolutionary forces. The struggle is then sharply divided and is only resolved of national liberation, case of non-colonial revolu-

or in the case of non-colonial revolution (Russia), the worker and peasant
armies decisively deteat the counterrevolutionary forces.

A prerequisite for a revolutionary
condition, then, is a widespread and
furious resistance plus a history of
rebellion, abotage, and violence on
the part of the people.

I have described a pre-revolutionary
society as one where no great amount of

society as one where no great amount of suffering or deprivation occurs. A re-volution is impossible in this sort of situation. (Do not confuse China's re-cent "cultival revolution" with a genu-ine revolution; it was a profound de-pair over the goals and enctioning of dramatic in - profo nown to he revolution B pre-rerevolution le, is in anomaly; to the cessions

of the whole their way of produces enectively feed of its citiis firmly en-1 of the levery. Only in ncounter any

reasoning, no urse is going white American to him is a satent life. His rsonal and private.

where than in his reasonable ng as he's not of criminal,

as he really is, where he is real, but what motivates him to act? motivates him to attempt to destroy the institutions of his own country and search for viable alternatives? What motivates him to be beaten, arrested,

imprisoned, killed?
I submit that the wellspring of his anger is a personal frustration, a deep sickness over what the country has done or is doing, to him. And it might just develop that his sense of impotency and alienation is a condition that offers a clue to a highly effective form of protest and resistance.

Let us assume that all the familiar tactics have failed, are failing, or are due to fail. Petitions, rallies, sit-ins, demonstrations, voting, nonviolent civil disobedience - the whole bag. For every current tactic used by the peace movement, the people in power have the ultimate answer; violence. They use it when they want to, in whatever amount they have to. And they haven't even had to use real bullets The power class is so far ahead of the peace movement, so capable of so much more, that the prospect for the

future is appalling.

Organizations have failed. All organizations, committees, parties, are either impotent, ludicrous or thoroughly infiltrated. In fact, any potent-ially dangerous group has its police spy, always. Men in power often act foolishly, but they are never fools.
They've got everything covered; don't
doubt it for a moment. If you contemplate any serious and damaging (illegal) act, stay away from organizations. Capitalize on the condition that the system has bred in you: alienation.

Act as alone as possible. Any group over three members is probably infiltrated. Let the others sit-in, go to jail, get beaten. Their activities are politically valid (and probably cathar-tic); they do it bravely. It' their way of saying "NO" to the bastards and way of saying "No" to the baseline with "YES" to themselves. Don't argue with them or put them down; their civil disobedience is not helping the enemy. The strikers, marchers, self-immolators are valuable and valid. Their enemy is your enemy; don't forget that.

But go it alone. Work in two, or at the most three-man teams. Keep it secret; develop a healthy paranoia. This

IS 1984.

Consider: sabotage. Learn explosives and explosive devices. How to make them, procure them, place them, use them. Learn the targets, their vulnerability, availability. Estimate now one turner and the same over an-

iem most. Consider: assassinat Learn then. Again tearn how whom to use them again more dangerous than an a alsan; he also a stray procure them and bthing is n working ds. They tance is e wonderyears ago he statue yway) was ne, or as u are exy frightith you. lienated. solidar. m songs. -revolutm through botage and assassin valid ac-If you know t make a for the future st oil the Lutionaries, sh a tradition internal violent resistance agains most impersonally violent con in the world today. There is correct course of his time no one tance or protest. "Do your thing." of gasoline, a bundle of dynamite, or an \$18.75 rifle - it hurts them. Their bodies are just as vulnerable as yours.



Post-Morten: Saint Pelloche s'est suicidé à la suite de sa dernière chronique. autre candidat au suicide le remplace: Emmanuel Cocke, romancier-dranaturge- comédiencinéaste-critique, et fou de

EUX A LA COCKE le soleil, ce matin, a inondé mes yeux crevés de la veille, cette veille où je chantais à l'ouverture de la "Galerie Café"; soirée entre amis, Pauline Julien, Gérald Godin, Jean Duthil-le-boss, Tex-le Corps, et les autres. Ra-jeunir le Vieux-Montréal. Si voix fut éraillée, c'est que je répète six heures par jour mes chansons, tout en critiquant les films pour "Sept-Jours", en filmant mes neurones aplatis, écrivant romans, et croyant tant8t à la vie, tantôt à la mort Avant de chanter, je dus abdeux bouteilles de besujolsis, quelques doubleryes, et le fou-rire de Marie Claire. Je n'avais pas bu des siècles. J'ai depuis chanté-lucide, puis après le spectacle ne suis englouti dans cette maudite vie nocturne nontréalaise, repos

le soleil ce lendemain de la veille avait un goût-de-crêve mort. A deux heures il me fallait être au congrês du cinema québécois, où je fus

le soleil me drogua. Pourtant, un jour comme les autres, conme un rat dans l'égoût. Temps de faisan-foutre sur neige, autresautres. Hommage testamen-tueux à la bêtise merveiltestamenleuse des illettrés. Fenne affreufolle argenthe, faux t'es pas l'or fausse taylor. Je crève de me pas filmer depuis "Musika". Patriarch Salad, après un texte lucide, est parti, pris. Le jazzz n'existe plus, je ne crois pantoute au free jazz. Répéter encore, pour être potable le 10 fevrier, à la Butte à Mathieu. CiNéCréEr. MeRdE A-tRoP-FiEr. Ce Jour Est Hi-D'eUx. Eux & La CockE. On me forbiden de cinécréer. CrieR Ses AnGolsSaNtEs Téalltés: c'est porter un pantalon nent des complexes aux pe-jaune pour que LoRsQuE Tu tites filles. PiSSEs DeDaNs, ça nE sE vOiT ME BALANCER DU HAUT DE LA PaS. Il faudra que je radio- PLACE VILLE MARIE

canadianise mes nais. La révolte est ma seule foi...; !? (), ma foi. Inventez! Au (), ma foi. lieu d'écrire "midi à quatorze heures", écrivez: MIDIA CATORZEURE. Et au lieu de "Regard fou d'homme saoû1": REGAFOUDOMSOU. Vous découvrirez peut-être que madame MIDIA, votre voisine de palier, est la mâitresse de nonsieur CATORZEURE, votre concierge, et que le robineux du coin se nomme REGADFOUDOMSOU. Lisez Paul et Mique, romanfleuve en vente dans toutes les mauvaises librairies aussi mauvaises que cette infecte émission "à la seconde" où uneanciennecomédienneaucoe urinfiemefaitdelafigurationçã nest passafautedit-on. N'ecrivez pas, soyez z'esclaves, lisez les popotons, Saint-Pelloche ne regarde, du haut de son cadavre grimaçant tandis que des cervelles de réalisateurs-T-V cuisent dans ms marmite sacripane. fait le cygne de croix et m'ordonne DE ME BALANCER DU-HAUT DE MES TREIZES ETAGES ensuite les types et les typettes ne con-sacreront, venant déterrer de mes armoires mes films et mes écrits, découvrant avec surprise que mes vingt-deux ans'et mon air d'acteur manqué, j'ai une carte professionnelle de metteur en scene de cinema, consentie par lè Centre National du Cinéma, à Paris, que j'ai fait mille fois le tour du monde sans saoul, sans sous, sans souci, avant de faire le de mes quatre murs. Qu'avant que je ne tue, na nère s'était tuées qu'une certaine femme m'a coupé un doigt et bien autre chose, et poèmes sur commande, has-been que l'important ce n'est pas la rose, ni les spermatorodes perdus dans une vied'ange. SUIS-JESEULASSEZ?

Monument hystérique pour Jésus Tanné, suicidez-vous, mister Emmanuel. Tra-la-la bémol majeur pour mineur en fugue de la maison des musiciens, conne cette can-can-tatriste chauve qui gueulait à outre-mont ses g crachend'eaux avant l'introduction du morceau, parce que les richesses familiales don-

J'aurai dérouté les sanguese vipéreuses peurcuses que les chemins tortionnaires conduit apour nieux.... J'ai rêvé que Terzieff criait René Char sur un char, et ne dors plus que 3 heures chaque nuit, tant ce monde m'écoeure de n'y réfugier-loin par sommeil. Mille deux cent trente deux fois, alcool, femme, ou peine ont failli me crever le coeur (et de ces temps les transplantations cardiaques n'existaient pas). J'irai tomber sur vos crachats, puisque je suis de ceux - bannis-bâtards-maudits que la socié-thé, que l'associé T, se doivent d'abattre en pleine vie.

Etre nu sur un nuage nucturne nubuleux de neurones.

FAITES DES \$ SUR MON *
OUVREZ LES " & FERMEZ LES () Nitroglycérine, non trop, ni pas assezé. Boire de la nitro et bye bye! La seule chosemachin-truc que je n'ai pas encore succulé, à part aussi les huftres hymenesques des femmes, car je déteste ça. Allez boire là-bas si j'ysuis, et en cas d'affirmative ne me réveillez pas. Ma lucidité fera semblant de ne pas l'être (lucide). Salut non pote. Es-tu saisi? Et Mary Juana? Téléfon 845-53-67, femmes belles, appelez. Et nos regards se perdront dans l'infine connerie de ce lamentable paysage délaissé sur mes coins de fenêtre, par Dieu qui n'existe pas. Donc, c.q.f.d, nous n'existerons pas, mais nous ferons l'amour conme on fait caca, par besoin A quand la bombe algébrique? rondeur de vos fesses n'importeront plus que la fabrication des cuillères martiennes à dos de cheval.

Mon dernier doigt ne va pas tarder à se casser net, et tomber comme un con sur mon plancher, laissant inerte ma machine. (pourquoi " ma machine" et non pas "ma Chine" tout court?) Ma chine à au-Je vous embrasse sur grir. l'oeil, le soleil ce matin, a inondé mes yeux crevés de la veille. Qu'il ne se léve-surtout plus pour moi. Eteignez moi oulcement..cettefois, je n'aurais que la force de remettre mon testament dans une boite à lettres sans addresse, et retomb-er dans la neige,d'abord asset retombis, puis couches ...

.....ET ENFIN MORT..... * EMMANUEL COCKE (enfin, ce qu'il en reste!)

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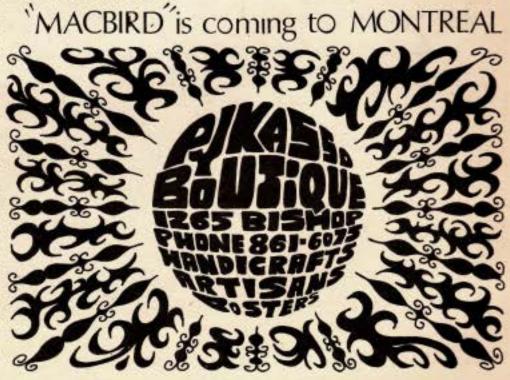
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Jimmy Dolittle

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The Programme of the National Liberation Front The Role of Canadian Industry in the War, by Resnick Harrison Salisbury from Hanoi (New York Times) Let Us Shape the Future; Carl Ogelsby's March on Washington Speech	.25 .25 .15	THE NEW STUDENT LEFT and the NEW RADICALISM Students for a Democratic Society, by George Clark Youth and Canadian Politics, by James Laxer & A. Pape An Open Letter to the New Left by C. Wright Mills Agenda for a Generation: A New Left Statement of Values	.25 .25 .15
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Such an example, of fearless and militant action for justice, combined with the most dedicated pursuit of truth in open enquiry, provides an inspiration to the world. These political and cultural struggles arise from a single imperative need, to oppose and end oppression and the systematic mastage of human resources, of human abilities.

Bertrand Russell.

I think that revolution is an essentialey cultural phenomenon precisely in the measure that it puts man in possession of his culture, which is exactly what is opposed to nature, to all determinisms, to all conditionings of nature... I think that revolution should have cultural incidence on all levels and that it is in itself, if you like, the triumph of culture.

Jean-Paul Sartre.

APPEAL OF HAVANA

At a time when the number of intellectuals is increasing constantly and their role becomes radically different from what it was in the past on the plane of science and technology, production and management, education and communications, and also cultural creativity; at a time when, objectively, the fats of intellectuals is linked more and more to that of the working classes and of the movements of national liberation — a fact of which they are themselves becoming increasingly conscious; at a time when U.S. imperialism poses a universal threat to the future of culture and to the future of manhind itself:

WE.

intellectuals from seventy countries assembled in Congress in Havana proclaim our active solidarity with the peoples struggling against imperialism, and particularly with the heroic people of Vietnam.

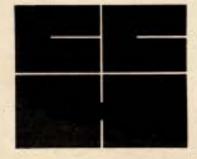
Convinced as we are that these peoples confront in U.S. imperialism, supported in varying degrees by other imperialism, a global undertaking designed to keep them in a state of subjection and economic, social and cultural underdevelopment, or to thrust them back into such a state; convinced also that imperialism, with U.S. imperialism at its head, extends or reinforces, in order to develop its domination, military, political, economic and cultural aggression notably in Korea, Laos, Cambodia, the Congo (K), the Arab world, the Portuguese colonies of Africa, Venezuela Bolivia, and in other countries: moreover, that the workers of capitalist countries are the object of an exploitation schick derives from the same economic system, we recognise that this enterprise of domination assumes the most diverse forms, from the most brutal to the most insidious, and that it operates at all levels: political, military, economic, racial, ideological and cultural; and we also recognise that this undertaking is carried on with enormous financial resources and with the help of propaganda agencies disguised as cultural institutions.

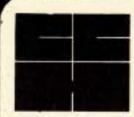
Imperialism seeks, by the most varied techniques of indoctrination, to insure social conformity and political passivity. At the same time, a systematic effort is made to mobilize technicians, men of science and intellectuals generally in the service of capitalist and neocolonialist interests and purposes. Thus, talents and skills which could and should contribute to the task of progress and liberation become, instead, instruments for the commercialisation of values, the degradation of culture and the maintenance of the capitalist economic and social order.

It is the fundamental interest and the imperative duty of intellectuals to resist this aggression and to take up, without delay, the challenge thus posed to them. What is required of them is support for the struggles for national liberation, social emancipation and cultural decolonialisation of all the peoples of Asia, Africa and Latin America, and for the struggle against imperialism waged in its very center by an ever greater number of black and white citisens of the United States; and entrance in the political struggle against conservative, retrograde and racist forces, to demystify the latter's ideologies and to attack the structures upon which these rest and the interests they serve.

This is why, from Havana, in the midst of the revolutionary people of Cuba, and after a confrontation of ideas marked by a freedom of expression which is as essential for the struggles and the tasks of today as it is for the creation of the new world which will tomorrow be their outcome, we call upon writers, men of science, artists, teachers and students to join and intensify the fight against imperialism, and to take up the part which is theirs in the struggles for the liberation of the peoples of the world.

This commitment must begin with an unqualified rejection of the U.S. policy of cultural subjection, and this implies the refusal of all invitations, scholarships, employment, and participation in programs of cultural work and research where their acceptance could entail collaboration with this policy.





intellectuals, from 70 countries. met in Havana, from 4-11 January--writers, artists, journalists, scientists, sociologists, psy-chiatrists, filmchiatrists,

makers, engineers, economists -- from South Africa as well as Outer Mongolia, Sweden, Vietnam and North Korea--studied together the cultural problems affecting Asia, Africa, and Latin America.

At the opening session, chaired by Jose Llanusa, Cuba's Minister of Educa-tion, the delegates were divided into five commissions:

1. Culture and national independence

 Integral growth of Man
 Responsability of Intellectuals with respect to the underdeveloped world 4. Culture & Mass-Media

(a) Problems of artistic creation (b)problems of science & technical work

For the next five days each com-mission discussed papers read by var-ious delegates and drafted a final report on their work. At the plenary session on January 12, the chairman read a summary of the resolutions, an Appeal from Havana to the intellectuals of the World, and a resolution on Viet-

DR. DORTICOS, PRES. OF THE REPUBLIC, AT THE INAUGURATION OF THE CONGRESS:

"We do not expect that you will arrive at unanimous or even majority decisions on each of the questions that will claim your attention during this event. Rather than that, we wish to foster a rich, worldwide exchange of opinions at an international level, an exchange of experiences and ideas, a search for truths vital to all of us, on a basis of moral and revolutionary conduct, with the sustained and constant intellectual effort of each per-

son here.
"A special aspect of this congress also stands out: the fact that those invited to and participating in it are intellectuals in the fullest sense of the word. It is not merely a congress attended by writers and artists, poets and playwrights; nor is it a congress just of scientists or technicians, of sociologists or economists, of doctors, engineers or other professionals. It is a special congress, one which--I repeat--so far as we know, brings togeth-er for the first time men of all continents, of many different professions, who do intellectual work in the field of literature and art or of science and technology; who are, in short, men of thought, men able to face the problems of our contemporary society with strict critical analysis, with an acuteness derived from their cultural background, at which we feel highly satisfied.

"Without making any predictions about the near future of humanity, toward which we have begun to travel, we bewhich we have begun to travel, we be-lieve that the man of the future will be a well rounded and complete man indeed and, in the final analysis, an intellectual, as well, to the extent to which he will be the owner of the tools the instruments of culture and will be not only a witness or a spectator, but also a protagonist in the field of culture. This is not just a pretty utopia it is the attainable future! The road is long, painful and bloody. Violence, which in essence we abhor, the historical midwife of history, noble revolutionary violence, will play an inevitable and decisive role along that route --man's climb toward the summit of his true liberation.

"On many fronts of combat and mili-tancy, the intellectual has a great responsibility, an obligation of conscience.

"This congress is nothing more nor less than an appointment with responsibility, an obligation of conscience.

Reach for the book: it is a weapon. **Bertolt Brecht**

We reject the easy attitude of those who. whenever they hear somebody talking about guns, they pull out their culture.

Roberto Retamar, Cuban poet.



culture SI Yankee NO

HAVANA, Jan. 31 (Liberation News Service). By Todd Gitlin

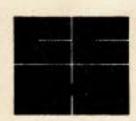
The main and decisive fact about the Cultural Congress of Havana, 4-11 January, is that it happened in Cuba. Meeting of Intellectuals from All the World on Problems of Asia, Africa, and Latin America", sounded to me at first like something slightly nore exciting than last week's New Republic.

In advance, the Cuban Council of Culture had advertised an all-star cast (Jean-Paul Sartre, Graham Greene, Tony Richardson) and a supporting cast of hundreds; in fact, most of the luminaries failed to appear, a fact greatly pleasing to the American press, but which lent the congress a vivid informality, that might otherwise have been lost in the spotlights. To some of our effete intellectuals, the congress from a distance might have seemed another ritual rhetorical bull-session.

Predictably, they underestimated the Cubans, who did not spend great volumes of scarce foreign exchange, tankfulls of otherwise rationed gasoline (Ed. note: oil was struck in Cuba at the close of the conference; the extent of the resource is unknown), re-serve the Havana Libre Hotel (ex-Havana Hilton), merely to put on a propaganda show. President Dorticos and Fidel did not give the opening and closing speeches (respectively) for nothing. The Cubans have plenty to show: Cuba itself, the socialist man-in-the-street, these are the most forceful arguments for the liberating spirit of revolution in the Third World; they expected more from the intellectuals. however, than left-wing Oohs and Aahs.

The spirit of the congress, given the commitments of intellectuals in most of the world, could not be anything but fierce. Hardly anyone at the congress any longer confused gestures of dissent with allegiance to revolutionary novements. Cuba's example is not unknown to them. The American war in Viet Nam hangs over the intellectuals of Western Europe like a hailstorm, driving them out of the open spaces of neutrality. In Africa, the man of the moment for intellectuals is Frants Fanon (author, poet, theorist, and psychiatrist, famous for his part in the Algerian war for independence). In Latin America -- rather, everywhere, to an extent that should stagger the arrogant insularity of North Americans -- the intellectuals of the moment, that is, of the age, are not the novelists and Marxist theoreticians, appreciated as they are, not poets like Neruda or nuralists like Siqueiros, but men who have given life and liberty in remote Latin American valleys, in the names of illiterate Indian peasants: Che Guevara, his life and death of equally unparalleled reputation and meaning, and Régis Debray. Americans, hearing the citations of Che's writings, would shudder at the intimation of "cult of personality"; and they would understand nothing at all of the meaning of Che's presence (could it be called both rhetorical and real?) in this conference of intellectuals, nothing of the sig-nificance of his life of unconstrained thought and final action. For all the delegates -- possibly excepting the rather stolid, lackluster, more-or-less of-

(CONT. ON PAGE 6)



québécois as nigger

Statement presented at the Cultural Congress of Havana, January 4-11, 1968, by RICHARD LACROIX.

QUEBEC, now considered by the rest of Canada as another one of its ten provinces, is in reality the national territory of the French community of North America. Covering a land area of nearly two million square kilometers, it numbers six million inhabitants, placing it 60th among the 200 nations of the world community. More than 80% of Quebec's population is still franco-

Conquered by force of arms more than 200 years ago and submitted to a foreign colonialist power, Quebec is for all practical purposes stripped of the economic powers essential to its normal development. More than 80% of its natural resources and its industry is controlled by North American capital and the rest by a local bourgeoisie, Anglo-Saxon for the most part, and often racist towards the majority population.

Politically speaking, Quebec has no voice in the world chapter and, within Canada internally, an effete and systematically discriminatory confederal system blocks Quebeckers' way to worldwide expression. In this context, where Quebeckers are stripped of real economic and political power, it is hardly an exaggeration to consider Quebec an exploited colonized nation and, in this

respect, in a situation similar to that of many Latin American countries and to the whole of the Third World.

Information in Quebec is almost entirely controlled and deformed by the big press agencies

The means of communication indispensable to the spread of Quebecois culture are almost totally monopolized by the colonial power and its collaborators. We know the primordial importance of these means to the point where cer-tain ones are tempted to consider culture as being of all a communications market. The organization of these means at the service of the spread of a people's ideas, of its creative work, and for its education, is at the basis of its cultural development. Now we Quebeckers are stripped of these means and are still at the stage of trying to recuperate them in order to adapt them to our real needs. Information in Quebec is almost entirely controlled and deformed by the big press agencies, by American radio and television, when it isn't directly dependent upon the dehumanizing publicity of the monopolies. Ouebec cinema is one of the most handicapped and colonozed in the world. If after great difficulties of all sorts a few film-makers have succeeded in producing a few remarkable films, they find it almost impossible to distribute these films in Quebec, where film distribution is the exclusive monopoly of foreign companies. We have been seeing the draining off of the best minds in Quebec by big colonial enterprises for a long time now, and the intellectual or scientist who collaborates with them necessarily does so in the working language of the colonizer at the expense of his own. The colonizer seeks to reduce the culture of the colonized to the level of folklore and of a product negotiable for his own interest. The current mistake is to reduce culture to the making of objects or of "works of art".

Real culture consists first of all in the total attitude of a community, of a people before the discovery, creation, life and language which it then offers to others. It is 'first of all in the communication and explanation of its activities before an ever-increasing public in order that it may understand them first, then participate in them as much as possible, that the ultimate responsibility of the intellectual is found.

For the Quebec nation, the possession and scientific organization of communications and of the diffusion of its culture are primordial, especially once we take account of the North American control which is daily making itself more absolute.

Aesthetic and formal problems result from the precision and the purity of the image and of the message to be transmitted. In a society of interpenetration, discovery is made more and more a collective discovery, even if it is often only formulated by a single individual, artist, scientist or intellectual.

Their liberation depends first of all upon themselves, upon their interior fiber.

To quote a Quebec author, "I would say that the case of Quebec, very complicated, is prectically situated at the level of fiction-history". Quebeckers are theoretically among the freest of the colonized, but also, psychologically speaking, among the most colonized of the colonized. Their liberation depends first of all upon themselves, upon their interior fiber.

That a people which occupies one of the richest territories on the face of the earth accepts to have the highest unemployment rate of North America and to see its resources exploited by foreigners, tolerates that some of its citizens should live in underdeveloped conditions comparable to, those of the most exploited regions, allows its economy, its politics and its culture to be controlled by others, there is something here that surpasses understanding.

These simple statements of fact suffice to briefly describe the colonialist phenomenon in Quebec and to illustrate its tragedy.

Quebec patriots, daily more numerous, see in the political and economic liberation of the country the essential and indispensable condition for the liberation and the normal development of Quebec's culture, and in this way forsees the birth of the Quebec Man, free from all colonialism



7-UP STRIKE: ARMED STRUGGLE IS NECESSARY



CULTURE SI YANKEENO (CONT.)

ficial Eastern Europeans--Che's assassination last October condensed all the classic elements of the thinking man. They wept at his death, but they came not to mourn, but, some, to celebrate, others to organize, his example. His death summarized for them the central enemy of cultural, indeed any humane, possibilities in the underdeveloped world--imperial American power--just as the unimaginably brilliant artistic life of Cuba held out to them the promise of societies in which their contributions are woven into national life and do not merely decorate life from the cold outside.

It was under one of Che's mottos that the NFL delegation addressed a plenary session on the cultural life of the liberated zones of South Viet Nam. "Every Day One Must Fight So That The Love For Living Humanity Will Be Transformed Into Concrete Acts." Their account of schoolwork, literacy training, theatre, women's equality, medicine in their patriotic resistance to American firepower brought the audience to its feet and the North Vietnamese Vice Minister of Culture sprinting through the audience, leaping onto the platform, to embrace his Southern comrade, in a rather convincing display of national unity between southern and northern leadership. Such moments of impromptu agit-prop theatre--like the reading by a Cuban Army captain, late in one session, of the just-received self-defense speech of Régis Debray--defined the common core of commitment binding the delegates. Around that core, all the interesting issues were hotly disputed, sometimes in strutting Marxist jargon (intellectuals may also be underdeveloped, as some Cubans uproariously admitted), more often (particularly for the Cubans) in clear and sharply-thought ways. On one occasion a Rumanian delegate took half an hour to declaim on the evils of American imperislism, whereupon the Cuban chairman gently reminded him that imperialism was generally condenned and it would be best to move on to more controversial

...the commercialization of the mass through the cultural apparatus of the West.

Yet, for some of the Cuban hosts, that universal branding was a surprise. They had not expected such a widespread, unchallenged appreciation of the cultural toll taken by imperial penetration: the defilement of indigenous cultures; the distortion of educational forms; the destruction of native language or its confinement in oppressed enclaves (Ed. note: need we comment?); the connercialization of the mass through the cultural apparatus of the west; all this beside the distortion and dampening of economic potential, the soaking of native resources. all the interwoven subjections now commonly compressed into the single pale word "underdevelopment" -- one which some Cubans use as an active noun, referring to the West as the "underdevelopers". Long having known America as the enemy of Cuban potential, the Cubans had turned their own October Preparatory Seminar into an arena for conflict avying cultural schools; mong their their final documents attempted (with some success) to resolve the most burning issues. The congress itself could not extend itself so far along any limb



We must act together in the world revolution:
each of us, whatever he may be, under whatever
circumstances, with whatever men and with
whatever facilities may exist, not with vain dreams.

Ernst Fischer

--delegates were too pleased with the core of their consensus, too divided on the controversial questions, to stake out any new territory as a body. Thus, the congress amounted to a kind of consolidation, a summary of the state of existing awareness of the most fundamental, easily grasped imperatives. Where discussions revealed differences to be natural and wide, the General Resolution settled for least common denominators, even for too-glib arithmatic sums of contradictory positions.

The main acclaimed conclusions (with three written abstentions) were:

(1) "Worldwide exploitation and crime is organized and led by imperialism, especially U.S. imperialism." (2) "Only through revolution can a

truly national culture be conceived."

(3) "There are many ways to participate in that struggle....The honorable exercise of literature, art, and science contributes in itself a weapon... but the truly revolutionary criterion for the intellectual, in his highest and noblest form, is his readiness to share in the combat duties of the students the workers and the peasants when circumstances so demand."

(4) "The artist from a country in revolution...must keep in constant contact with the people and their needs, resisting any temptation to simplify and petrify... National consciousness is a prologue and a contribution to transformation... This will permit the assimilation of every valid innovation produced in other parts of the world."

About the broad lines of the first two there was little dispute, though in detail, positions fluctuated directly with the origin of the speaker. For the Western European and Latin American majority, the United States unquestionheld the center of attention. The few Africans -- 34 in all -- were disappointed that European imperialism (the Portuguese in particular) had been slighted, considering that in Portuguese Guines, Mozambique, and Angola they are already in the thick of a life-or-death contest with the remnants of overt European colonialism. their turn, some Latin Americans were disappointed that so few Africans had attended. Much as Cuba aims to forge a consciousness of the Third World, united in history and thrust, and a common redefinition of the "savage" and a new Fanonist Marxism to suit, the Cuban intelligentsis still orients towards Europe, even towards the United States (best selling novels: "In Cold Blood" and then nouveaux romans of Robbe-Grillet and Marguerite Duras). But, just as last summer's OLAS conference had declared, "The duty of every revolutionary is to make the revolution", the Cultural Congress now agreed that every intellectual, for the full flowering of his work, for its integrity, for the creation of a serious public, requires the revolution.

Is he to be considered a revolutionary for simply doing his thing and doing it well?

In fact, as the third major conclusion tried; haltingly, to make plain, "the cultural achievement par excellence in an underdeveloped country is revolution." This flows logically from an analysis of the cultural consequences of Western conquest: to make a new culture, rooted in undevasted remains of tradition but quick to grasp techniques of modern consciousness, requires the structural expulsion of the wan, overdeveloped, mind-shrinking Western cultures -- i.e., anti -imperialist revolution. But the question remains complex for the single intellectual, considering, as intellectuals are prone to do, that his fate and calling are his alone. Is he to be considered revolutionary, as some delegates said, for simply doing his thing and doing it well? Or must he throw down his pen and his palette, take up his gun, and take to the mountains? (A young Peru-vian poet pointed out that along the Andean ridge he had better know the Indian Quechua language first, lest he speak -- quite literally -- the language of the landlord.) The question was too often put in this rather childishly simple form, thus the final resolution visibly fails to resolve the dilemma: it simply poses both attitudes as legitimate, with active particiaption in revolutionary life predominating "when circumstances so demand." The discussions themselves were more defense, often more 'subtle. Carlos Franqui, founder of the Rebel Radio in the Sierra Maestra and first editor of the 26th of July paper Revolucion, cut through mounds of European guilt when he insisted there were times in the

Sierra when the Rebel Army would have given ten rifles for a book of poetry. Some tried to create archetypes of the "man of action" and the "man of ideas", ignoring the fact that revolutionaries in Latin America have generally begun as students mobilized by ideas, not by hunger. In this unhappily brief acto the full variety and sometime brilliance of the arguments on this sub-ject, their clarity and even flair. But take as exemplary, and something of a breakthrough, the citation above this article, from Pernandez Retamar: his point is that the intellectual who wished to be regarded as revolutionary is not permitted to stand still, thinking culture to be lost should be leave his laboratory; he may not belong in the mountains (Che refused to take Debray into his Bolivian band), he may have culture-breaking, agit-prop, or theoretical work to do, but he should be under constant challenge, from his own commitments, if they are serious commitments; he should not clutch his privilege as a free pass; he should not wield the weight of "objective conditions" as an excuse for neutrality in a time of active struggle. For the Cubans, who in this matter led by the power of their example and their fallen "objective conditions" tend to be excuses to avoid unretractable commitments to struggle. What they demanded was a sensitivity to the revolutionary imperative: examine what you're doing, and closely.

The burden is on the inactive to prove they matter.

One Mexican delegate said a student once asked Che, "What should I do?" "What do you do now?" Che responded. "I am a music student." "I used to be a doctor," said Che. Few thought this was the definitive solution, fixing the limits of the responsibility of intellectuals in our time. Most agreed that the burden was on the inactive to prove that they matter. Diplomatically, but at the same time with real if exaggerated feeling, the congress paid tribute to Western intellectuals for their opposition to the Viet Nam war, their support of the American movements of black power and draft resistance; to this extent, the intellectuals (whether First, Second, or Third World) were bound by their sense of distinct world-wide status, even before they tecegoized that dissident intellectuals in the

West are in a position to challenge the legitimacy of imperial ideology, and plough the ground for the planting to come. Few could take to heart President Dorticos' reminder that intellectuals do not nonopolize ideas. Few intellectuals are prepared to change their lives; Che did; at least the tension was visible and poignant.

If a revolution is to be produced in culture, a revelation must take place, all the possibilities of man should be made evident.

The working commissions on cultural life after revolution generated the nost practical discussion. Again, and naturally, the Cubans led in discussion of literacy, technical education, and the arts. The Eastern Europeans and other Communists in power announced their attachment to socialist realism, but in a ritual, rather embarrassed way -- they knew they were outnumbered and outdistanced. The Mexican Communist nuralist, David Alfara Siqueiros, who came prepared to denounce the Cubans for their free-wheeling scorn for "people's art", seemed subdued. The Chinese, invited, did not appear. The Cuban intellectuals -- and here there was no division between young and old--carried the day with their conception of the "vanguard" role of artists. Artists, they said, like the political vanguard (the guerrillas, then the Party), must extend the reaches of consciousness, create their newly sensitized publics as they create their art (a task made easier by the primitive state of the popular arts under colonialism). build on traditions without pandering to prejudice, and elaborate national feeling without blanketing it with chauvinist arrogance (a task easier in small countries like Viet Nam and Cuba). The Chilesn surrealist, Robert Matta, delighted the young Cubans, even some of the straight-laced Young Communists, who coexist peacefully but in fraternally permissive and institutionalized conflict with far-out artists, with a paper called "Internal Guerrilla": "If revolution in culture is to be produced, a revelation must take place, all the possibilities of man should be made evident." Some of the older Cubans--particularly those in politically sensitive TV -- nuttered darkly about cultural adventurism; the liberated young artists, who work comfortably within the massest of media, envision a permanent revolution in the arts built on the notion -- and it is also rhetoric and often the belief of the Young Comnunists -- that one defining characteristic of the New Communist Man is that he is trained to think, and above all, not to take shit. They consider that in the time before and during the Preparatory Seminar, they have won the war -though some battles are still in progress--against "populism" and "schemat-ism" in art, the schools which aim to tell people what they already know, in the forms they already live with. In documentary films, posters, music, and theatre, the vanguard theorists -- they are also practitioners -- have created new, popular audiences with spectacu-larly developed tastes. Only popular opinion -- the un-connerical marketplace -- is to judge the worth of innovations for all time. (Of course, even the unpopular artists are subsidized and encouraged to vie, at least in the less mass media, though often in the most.) Keeping several steps ahead of peasant tastes, they succeed in retaining a feeling of their responsibility to a people. This dynamic synthesis of ideological populism and the artistic frontier, by now generally accepted as permanent feature of Cuban life, in-

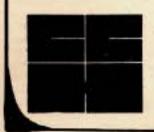
ected the spirit of discussions on the

mass media and the formation of the new

But it was the spirit that mattered, not the watery language of the Resolution. Sure, it was important to register a consensus about the cultural face of imperialism, the life on Espagnol, heralding Fords and Green Berets (Ed. note: Time: Canadian Edition: Ford of Canada; Green Berets--7); undeniably, it matters to put America on notice, paper notice notwithstanding, that its foundations and fellowships are considered traps by thoughtful men. Assume for the sake of argument, that this is all rhetoric, and inquire into the meaning of the Cultural Congress.

One thing they are agreed about: the nature of their enemy.

It is this: outside America, despite its power and reach, a new international is forwing. Intellectuals in most of the world speak its language; it is a young language; it finds in Cuba, probably note than elsewhere, a model for the critical spirit fused with an impulse to construct; when these intellectuals meet in the bars of the Havana Libre, they are joined, despite genera-tions, despite the different colorsfions, despite the different colors-tions of experience, in a counce experience--and this is the experience of ience--and this is the experience of being up against the dollar, the ford Poundation, and the 8-57; they recognize each other with a clarity that matches their perception of their sneny, the same clarity with which their enemy recognizes them. Like anyone who thinks for a living, they are divided along all the important axes of division but that central, defining one; the nature of their anemy. They are incisive and windy, ingenious and stodincisive and windy, ingenious and stod-gy, intrepid and narrow-minded, but the intimidated are on the wane. Their bond is not a celebratory Marxisa but bond is not a celebratory Marxism but liveliness and commitment and the ability to recken with their own experience. The congress helped them recognize each other, registered minimal conseques, prefigured in couridors and categories and novie theatres, a community newly forming, prone to rhetoric, needful of clarification, possibly vulnerable to political vicissitudes, but alive and in combat. And this community is outside America, though it is open to Americans. The meaning of the congress is that America can no longer claim, if it ever could, to be the culgress is that America can no longer claim, if it ever could, to be the cultural capital of the universe, or to set standards for innovation, or for the human organization of human beings for critical thought.



This Congress is a result of...

"...the universal awareness of the grave threats hanging over all the peoples of the world..."

EXCERPTS FROM THE SPEECH GIVEN BY MAJOR FIDEL CASTRO RUZ, FIRST SECRETARY OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY OF CUBA AND PRIME MINISTER OF THE REVOLUTIONARY GOVERNMENT, IN THE CLOSING SESSION OF THE CULTURAL CONGRESS OF HAVANA. CHAPLIN THEATRE, JANUARY 12, 1968, "YEAR OF THE HEROIC GUERRILLA."

The fact that made this Congress possible and guaranteed its results is the universal conscience that is developing today, the universal awareness of the grave threats hanging over all the peoples of the world, the universal awareness of the need for struggle ... and justice, which is spreading throughout the world.

The strange thing is that men and women gathered here did not come as militants in any political organization. Many times and many places congresses of similar militant organizations, of similar parties, have been held; but, this congress has been characterized by its broad representation... from vastly different places, by /the representatives/ having carried out a variety of activities and, in spite of this...a series of questions, a series of fundamental principles, was approached with unusual unanimity.

The factor that created this universal conscience was, unquestionably, the danger, the threats of aggression, and the actual acts of aggression hanging over and victimizing many peoples of the world. This universal conscience has grown on a par with the spirit of aggression, the acts of oppression and subjugation, and the threats that hang over humanity. What must be said is that men and women meeting here undoubtably constitute the vanguard, a nucleus that is able to get to the bottom of things, to grasp quickly the nature the character, and the seriousness of the contemporary problems from which humanity is suffering or that are threatening humanity.

 The problems raised in the modern world cannot be solved by outdated social systems rendered obsolete by the development of science and technology as well as human conscience.

In the face of this situation, what can be strange about men and women, intellectuals who hold the most varied philosophical views, who take very different political positions, who are applitical or who sustain differing beliefs, having met here?

We also want to point out that certain aspects of this Congress have been
truly impressive. One of them is the
general awareness of what constitutes
imperialism, what it represents, the
general awareness that the problems
raised in the modern world cannot be
solved by cutdated social systems rendered obsolete by the development of
science and technology as well as human
conscience. And there was unanimous

agreement among intellectuals of the Third World as well as those of the developed countries, that it was impossible through these obsolete social systems to overcome the deep-seated problems of any modern country, be it developed or under-developed: for the developed countries to meet or overcome the serious contradictions that exist under capitalism in order to pass beyond a society that is practically rendered obsolete by history, or the under developed countries to take their only possible road because how can a country which is falling behind the rest of the world achieve an accelerated rate of development going through the via crucis of capitalist development under the conditions of imperialist domination?

However, there were other matters and one thing in particular which quite frankly impressed us very much, because it indicated just how vast the scope of the world revolutionary movement is. This was a paper presented by a group of Catholic priests who took part in the Congress. I am not going to mention their names, because I have not consulted them about it, but I am going to read their paper to our people--I suppose you delegates have all read it.

"We, Catholic priests, delegates to the Cultural Congress of Havana, are convinced of the following:

"That imperialism today, and especially in the Third World, constitutes a dehumanizing factor which destroys the very basis of individual dignity, violates the freedom of cultural development, impedes true forms of human development and propitiates a state of underdevelopment that grows more acute and oppressive by the day.
"That in spite of the differences exis-

That in spite of the differences existing between Christianity and Marxism concerning interpretations of mankind and the world, it is Marxism which provides the most exact scientific analysis of the real nature of imperialism and provides the most effective impetus to revolutionary action by the masses. "That the Christian faith involves the concept of love expressed through effective help to each and every man. "That the priest Camilo Torres Restrepo

"That the priest Camilo Torres Restrepo by dying for the revolutionary cause, provided us with the greatest example of a Christian intellectual dedicated to the people.

"WE PLEDGE OURSELVES to the anti-imperialist revolutionary cause, come what may, in order to achieve the liberation of every man and of all mankind.

"THEREFORE, we condemn the economic and cultural blockade which imperialism has placed on the Republic of Cuba, first free territory of America. We condemn the U.S. war against Vietnam, as a most monstrous imperialist aggression against the freedom of a people living in the Third World.

"We reject any form of colonialism and neo-colonialism as the product of imperialism, an alienating and dehumanizing force."



This statement is an indication of how revolutionary ideas, in one form or another, are spreading, how they are broadening in scope, how these ideas are even penetrating religious sectors, and how more and more revolutionary combatants are emerging from these sectors.

 Unquestionably, the reactionaries are more and more alarmed; they live in fear, seeing conspiracy everywhere, seeing spectres everywhere, seeing subversion everywhere. And it's true, it is true!

Unquestionably, we are observing new events, new phenomena. It is certain that revolutionaries, we who consider ourselves revolutionaries, and, among those who consider themselves revolutionaries, we who consider ourselves Marxist-Leninists, all have the obligation of analyzing these new phenomena. Because nothing could be more anti-Marxist then dogma, nothing could be more anti-Marxist than the petrification of ideas. And there are even ideas propounded in the name of Marxism which seem to be truly fossils.

Marxism has had thinkers of genius:
Karl Marx, Friedrich Engels, Lenin, to
mention the outstanding founders. But
Marxism needs to develop, break away
from a certain rigidity, interpret today's reality from an objective, scientific viewpoint, conduct itself as a
revolutionary force and not as a pseudo

revolutionary church.

These are the paradoxes of history.
How, seeing sectors of the clergy becoming revolutionary forces, can we resign ourselves to seeing revolutionary forces becoming ecclesiastical forces?

forces becoming ecclesiastical forces?
We trust that because of our affirmation of such ideas we shall not be subjected to excommunication nor to a Holy Inquisition either. But we must meditate on this, we must act with a more dialectical sense -- that is, with a more revolutionary sense.

We sincerely believe that this
 Congress is a contribution to us and
to the revolutionary movements

We must analyze contemporary phenomena...there is a certain under development in the field of political ideas. And this is the basis of the enormous confusion that exists in today's world, the enormous crisis that exists in the field of ideas -- at the very moment in which revolutionary sentiments and attitudes are spreading. No one can state that he is the possessor of all truth. We have our truths here, which arose from our experience... But we have never attempted to be mentors; we have never pretended to have a monopoly on revolutionary truth.